DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
Authorised Capital Rs. 50,00,000
Subscribed Capital Rs. 20,00,000
Paid-up Capital Rs. 11,30,000
Head Office:—
Devkaran Nanjee Buildings
Elphinstone Circle, Fort,
BOMBAY.
Branches at Thakurdwar, Sandhurst Bridge and Kalbadevi.
All kinds of Banking Business Transacted.

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 211 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURE WITH
Or
REPRESENT.
THE JUPITER
GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(Estd 1919).
for
LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR ACCIDENT & WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
"EWART HOUSE"
Wodehouse Road and Lane, Fort, Bombay. 1.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Britain's Trap Of Blaze For Invader

Bucharest Panic At Wide-Spread Revolts

CAROL BAN ON ANTI-AXIS DEMONSTRATIONS

Hungarian Plan For Occupation Of Transylvania

ROME, September 2.

ALL demonstrations of national grief in the territory Rumania is ceding to Hungary have been forbidden by the Rumanian Minister for Interior, according to a Bucharest telegram to the Stefani Agency.

It is explained that the ban has been imposed because demonstrations become a danger to public order owing to the participation of "irresponsible elements." —Reuter.

HUNGARIAN PLANS

BERLIN, Sept. 2

Hungarian troops are to begin occupation of Transylvania on Thursday, according to the agreement reached by the mixed Hungarian-Rumanian Commission appointed to settle details of transfer, states the Official German News Agency. The occupation will be completed in stages by September 13, Cluj, Capital of Transylvania, will be entered on September 11.

The Hungarian Parliament has been summoned for Wednesday to pass a Bill incorporating Transylvania in the Hungarian State.

PEASANT LEADER LEAVES BUCHAREST

LONDON, September 2

Dr. Maniu, the peasant leader, is reported to have left Bucharest for Cluj.

According to a Bucharest report many people have been arrested or detained in their houses, including a number of prominent people, for organising demonstration against the Vienna Award.—Reuter.

Anti-Vienna Award Demonstration In Bucharest

Police Use Armoured Cars To Disperse Crowds

BERLIN, Sept. 2.

Big demonstrations against the acceptance of the Vienna Award took place in the centre of Bucharest this afternoon, says a Bucharest telegram to the Official German News Agency.

The police intervened with armoured cars and dispersed the crowd. Arrests were made.

WIDESPREAD REVOLT IN RUMANIA

BUCHAREST, Sept. 2

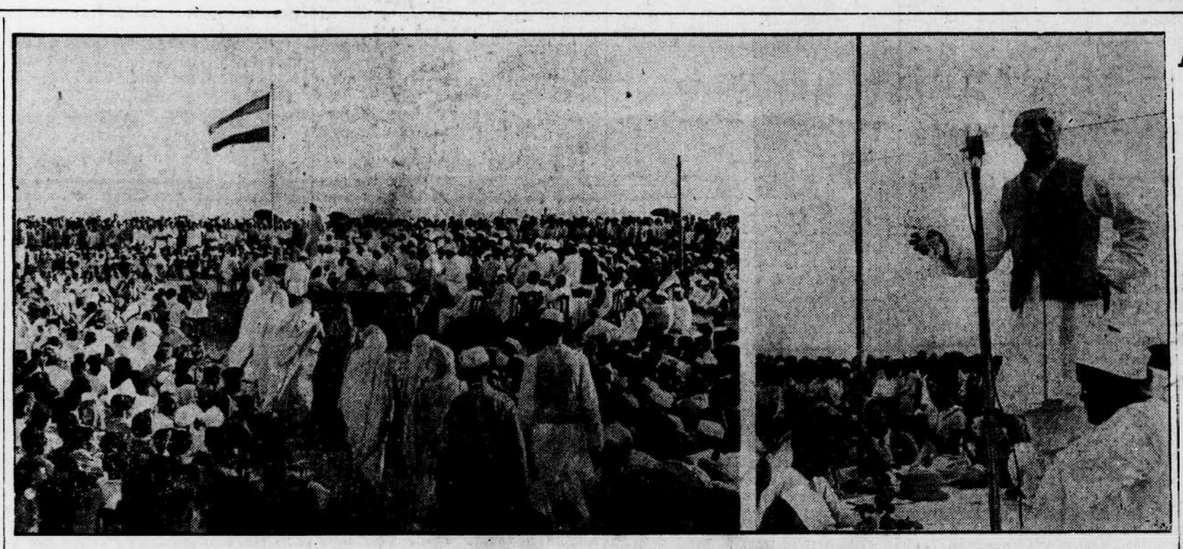
Armoured cars and police with tommy guns and rifles were necessary to deal with demonstrations against the cession of Transylvanian territory and the demonstrations were the most energetic since 1914.

The demonstrators were dispersed with water hoses but persisted in reforming, shouting "we don't want to surrender Transylvania." There were a number of scuffles but hitherto no arrests are reported.

The demonstrations continue to gather strength in Buchrest and Transylvania. In one province priests headed a procession of peasants exhorting them to resist the Hungarians.

A large square in front of the Royal Palace had for many hours been completely roped off and the

(Continued on page 5 Col. 5.)



A view of the mammoth public meeting held on Sunday evening at Chowpatty under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. when Pt. Jawaharlal addressed (can be seen standing on the right) on the present political situation with special reference to the recent Working Committee resolution and Syt. Bhulabhai Desai presided.

AIR BATTLE OVER MUNICH

Anti-Aircraft Guns Go In Action: 80-Minute Encounter

BERLIN RAIDED AGAIN

LONDON, Sept. 2.

An air-raid alarm was sounded in Berlin at 00.45 G.M.T. and lasted until 01.32, states the Official German News Agency.

Berlin had early to-day its longest and most exciting air raid alarm of the war.

EXPLOSIONS NEAR BERLIN

While no British raiders appeared over the centre of Berlin during the night, explosions were heard in the distance, wires the Berlin correspondent of the "Nyheter".

The correspondent adds: "Berliners are unable to avoid admiring the performance of the R.A.F. in carrying out raids at such a distance from their bases".

AIR BATTLE OVER MUNICH

Munich had an air-raid alarm this morning when anti-aircraft guns went into action.

An eighty-minute air battle was fought over Munich early to-day according to Nazi officials quoted by American correspondents in Berlin.

Reports from Vichy state that German airfields in France as well as the French Channel ports were attacked by the R.A.F. during the night.

R. A. F. PENETRATE HEART OF BERLIN

Germans admit that incendiary bombs fell in the part of Berlin during R. A. F. raids on the capital last night, according to Berlin despatches to American newspapers. Some fell half a mile from Brandenburg Gate, which is situated in the west end of Unterden-Linden. Three landed on Lichtenstein Allee, a thoroughfare through Tiergarten. The papers add that the Berlin populace was again kept in a state of alarm last night.—Reuter.

NAZI AERODROMES & WORKS BOMBED

Important military objectives were attacked by R. A. F. bombers which flew over Berlin last night for the fourth time in the past week, states the Air Ministry News Service.

The Visibility was mostly poor and west of Berlin, the whole region for 70 miles, was covered with low cloud.

An occasional break in the cloud allowed the pilots a glimpse of one of the many lakes about the city and so determine positions.

Soon after 11-30 p.m. a large Aero-Engine works in north-west Berlin was bombed. Flashes of the bombs were succeeded by a steady glow as though from a fire.

At the same time other raiders were attacking a lighting installation in western part of the city and as their high explosive bombs fell on the Target there was a blinding flash and then a fire which could be seen 30 miles away.

Berlin Paper Office Damaged In Raid

The Berlin correspondent of the "Basler Nachrichten" says that Saturday night's raid on Berlin was completely unexpected as there were thick clouds and it had rained for hours previously. As a result, defence was weaker.

The correspondent adds that in the raid on Friday night which was the heaviest hitherto, damage was done to Spandau, Neukoeln, and other districts.

Very severe damage was done in the neighbourhood of a well-known newspaper office and buildings had to be evacuated.—Reuter.

NAZI RAIDERS FLEE PELL-MELL

Thousands Watch Air Battle Over London

25 GERMAN PLANES SHOT DOWN

LONDON, September 2.

Twenty-five enemy aircraft have hitherto been destroyed to-day, according to an Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security 'Communique' issued shortly before 17-00 (G. M. T.).

SIGHT OF THE CENTURY

Thousands this evening watched what one of the many Empire soldiers among them described as "the sight of the century"—German raiders fleeing pellmell before the defences of London. All-day long from the time of the city's first warning at 07.00, German air force had tried to attack, time and time again they were flung back and before London's sirens had wailed for the second time, 25 raiders had been shot down.

Then at 15.24 raiders appeared to approach from two directions. Masses of German planes ran into one of the most tremendous anti-aircraft barrages the watchers have ever seen and concentrations of R.A.F. fighters hurtled down among the raiders already scattered by anti-aircraft shells. The Germans fled madly and the all clear sounded at 16.50 as the spitfires were seen flying over having cleared the London skies.

SECOND ALARM OF DAY

The day's second air-raid warning sounded in London area at about 16.00.

Large formation of enemy aircraft flying high attempted to reach London area, but met concentrations of British fighters. Planes were seen in the distance in an easterly direction and bursts of anti-aircraft shells marked the terrific barrage being put up. Hundreds of people saw 25 bombers repelled by terrific anti-aircraft barrage. In one part, the sky was black with smoke from bursting shells and raiders. Later British fighters streaked across the sky in the direction of the raiders.

200 NAZI PLANES CROSS SOUTH-EAST COAST

Nearly 200 German bombers and fighters crossed the south-east coast in waves early this afternoon and met with a hot reception from anti-aircraft fire. In one formation there were 24 Heinkels and in others were counted 16 to 20 bombers. The bombers twisted and squirmed amid tremendous anti-aircraft barrage and two of them were soon heading back towards the French coast in a crippled condition. Watchers on cliffs reported that they crashed in the channel.

FOUR PLANES CRASHED.

According to another message from a nearby point it is believ-

(Continued on Page 5.)

Extensive R. A. F. Operations Over Enemy Territory

LONDON, September 2

Extensive operations over Germany, Italy, Holland and France were carried out by airforce bombers last night, states an Air Ministry 'communique". After chronicling the bombing of enemy's aerodromes in Yperburg and Sripol yesterday, the "communique" says that last night aircraft factories at Munich and Stuttgart, oil plants at Hanover and Ludwighaven and Nordenham, munition factories at Leipzig, Bitterfeld and Emden, power station at Kassel, goods yards at Soes and Mannham and many enemy aerodromes were among the targets attacked.

Fiat aircraft factory at Turin and Marelli, and Magnto works at Essto San Giovanni were successfully bombed.

Aircraft of the Costal Command last night attacked an enemy submarine and E-Boat has at Lorient From all these operations all our aircraft returned safely except one which crashed on landing.—Reuter.

LEAGUE EXECUTIVE LIFTS BAN ON WAR COMMITTEES

Demand For Equal Power

Viceroy's Council Expansion Proposals Unsatisfactory

PROVINCIAL COMMITTEES ASKED TO STRENGTHEN MUSLIM NATIONAL GUARDS

THE three day session of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League concluded on Monday, after adopting seven resolutions, dealing with the offer of the British Government contained in the statement of the Viceroy, the ban placed by the Working Committee on League members preventing them from joining the War Committees, the Government of India's ban on volunteer organisations and other matters.

The main resolution expressed dissatisfaction with the proposals for the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council and with the setting up of a War Advisory Board announced by the Viceroy.

UNSATISFACTORY

While appreciating the action of the British Government in conceding the principle of associating the representatives of the Muslim League in the Central and Provincial Governments, they say that the actual proposals are not satisfactory for the following reasons, namely,

that the Committee was not consulted before the proposals relating to the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council were announced;

that they do not yet know the parties with which they will be called upon to co-operate;

that they do not know the portfolios that will be assigned to the League Members on the Executive Council;

that the Committee does not know how exactly the Council will be constituted except that they have been informed that the number of members of the expanded Council will be about 11, and have been asked to nominate a panel of four members, out of whom two will be chosen,

that the Committee consider the system of nominating a panel is open to many objections;

that they do not yet know the

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 1.)

Wafd Party Excluded

Cabinet Reshuffle In Egypt: Triple Role For Premier

CAIRO, Sept. 2.

It is understood that the Cabinet crisis has been satisfactorily settled. A rearranged Cabinet will probably be announced later to-day with Hassan Sabry Pasha in the triple role of Premier, Foreign Minister and Minister of Home Affairs.

The Minister of Finance will be chosen from the Saadists who stated that they would be well satisfied with this arrangement. The Waafdist Party is excluded.

Reuter is informed by a High Official that the new Cabinet had been planned with a view to attaining "the maximum results in the present difficult war conditions."—Reuter.

HIDDEN HAIL OF FIRE AWAITS INVADERS

LONDON, Sept. 2.

A hidden hail of fire awaits invaders of England, writes Reuter's special correspondent who visited the southern command to-day. Looked at from seawards, the foreshore looks still what it was —a sunny libo with hills on both sides and woodland beyond. Rolled barbed wire is the only snag the invader would see. But rifle and machine-gun marksmen would be at concealed posts the moment the alarm came. There are a series of most ingeniously concealed and camouflaged pill-boxes to be found anywhere in Britain.

The narrow roads leading to the country through which the invader might spread out to capture two main cities would be under fire and flame. The further west the enemy lands, the more treacherous the roads become, getting narrower and steeper every few miles.

Expert horsemen enrolled in the homeguard patrol the moors after dark, astride ponies on the look out for parachutists. Counter bombardment and close defence both from frontal attack by sea and from inland is well provided for. There is every hope that a drive across England from the west and south-west should a landing be made will be soon localised.—Reuter.

Foreign Planes Drop Bombs In Switzerland

BERNE, Sept. 2.

Foreign aeroplanes again flew over Switzerland last night. According to an Official Communique the alarm sounded in several towns. In Saint Gall, troops fired on planes which dropped several bombs in fields, but nobody was hurt.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 2½ p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management, Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted 10 Graduates, 15 Clerks, 4 Doctors, 4 Lawyers and 8 Engineers to apply No. 13612, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Matriculates and Graduates for clerical and higher appointments in branch offices throughout India. Apply with stamp. The Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (13585)

Wanted an M.B.B.S. of any caste of ten years standing for the post of Medical Officer Zenana Hospital, Sirohi. Pay according to qualifications with free unfurnished quarters. Apply before 15th September to Chief Minister, Sirohi (Rajputana) stating age, experience, copies of testimonials and Minimum pay expected. Selected Candidate may be required to come for interview at her own expense. (3260)

European Advertising Agency requires the services of young men or women with a flair for writing, to train as copywriters. The following qualifications are essential: thorough knowledge of English (preferably gained in England); complete and practical knowledge of one or more Indian languages; University training. Previous experience in advertising useful but not essential as it is proposed to train suitable applicants. Commencing salary for training small, but sufficient for maintenance in Bombay. Write fully in the first instance stating age, community, languages, education and family background and brief note of any advertising or journalistic experience claimed. Box No. 3272, "Bombay Chronicle."

365 FINANCIAL

Wanted—A financier to invest Rs. 5,000/- Income monthly Rs. 600/- Guaranteed. Apply Box 13597, "Bombay Chronicle".

MOTOR-CYCLES & CYCLES.

For Sale a 3½ H. P. Royal Enfield Bullet in excellent condition. Also a brand new Raleigh Cycle. Apply or see Mr. Banker, c/o "Bombay Chronicle" between 2 and 3 p. m. or at 6-30 p. m.

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION.

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight, Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13606, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDER

THE CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER, Parel, will receive upto 3-00 p.m. (S. T.) on 14th October, 1940, tenders for painting and white washing in Parel Shops.

The prescribed form of tender with Conditions, Specifications, etc., can be had from the Chief Mechanical Engineer's Office on payment of Rs. 2/- in cash per copy which amount will not be refunded. 3297

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of ferrous scrap available for disposal at the Stores Sub Depot, Jhansi. Price per copy Rs. 2/- which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 24th September, 1940, at 3 p.m. (S. T.). Tender form obtainable either from the Controller of Stores' Office or from the Depot Superintendent, Stores Sub Depot, Jhansi. Payment by cheque, postal order or postage stamps will not be accepted. 3291

HIS HIGHNESS' GOVERNMENT JAMMU & KASHMIR

GENUINE KASHMIR KUTH

THREE THOUSAND MAUNDS of Genuine Kashmir Kuth are available for sale ex-godown Baramulla (Kashmir). Applications are invited for purchase of this kuth. The sale will be effected under the following conditions;

1. The price per maund (of 82 3/7 lb.) has been fixed at Rs. 30 ex-godown Baramulla.
2. Packing will be charged separately at cost, i.e. -|12|- per single bag.
3. The Kuth is packed in double gunny bags for which a uniform tare of 18 chattaks per single bag will be deducted from gross weight.
4. There will be no restriction with regard to keeping of kuth in British India, or to selling it anywhere in or outside India; but Kuth, thus purchased, must be removed out of the Kashmir State within fifteen days of the date of its delivery at Baramulla.
5. All dues must be paid in advance in full before delivery is given.
6. The minimum amount which may be applied for is one hundred maunds. Applications for larger quantities will be considered only in even hundreds. Applications will be considered in accordance with priority of receipt.
7. Ten per cent. of the value of the kuth applied for should be sent with the applications as an advance in the form of deposit receipts pledged to the undersigned on the following banks or treasuries:—
   (a) Jammu & Kashmir Bank, Ltd.,
   (b) Imperial Bank of India,
   (c) Lloyds Bank, Ltd.,
   (d) Punjab National Bank, Ltd.,
   (e) Any of the Jammu & Kashmir Government Treasuries.
8. The purchaser is required to take delivery of kuth within three weeks of the date of sanction failing which the sale will be cancelled, and advance money confiscated.
9. The undersigned reserves the right to refuse sale to any person in part or whole of the quantity applied for without assigning any reasons for the same.
10. All applications for the purchase of Kuth should be addressed to the Divisional Forest Officer, Utilisation Division, Baramulla, Kashmir.

(Sd.) MULK RAJ GANDOTRA,
Conservator of Forests,
Kashmir Forest Circle,
Srinagar, Kashmir.
(3299)

Public Notices

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received by the Chief Officer upto 4 p.m. on FRIDAY, the 20th September, 1940, for the Construction of Asphalt roads in the city.

Tender Forms, Specifications etc., can be had from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Earnest money at 1 per cent. of the tendered amount must be submitted along with the tender.

The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. C. MEHTA,
Municipal Engineer,
Borough Municipality, Surat.
Municipal Office,
P. W. Deptt,
Surat, 31-8-40. 3300

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BHANUMATIBAI, wife of Hiraji Moreshwar Nagavkar alias PISAT, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the property hereinafter described. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of Mortgage, Gift, Sale, Use, Trust, Possession, Inheritance, Lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Yusuf Building, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Tenure (since redeemed) land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at (Hasali Tank) Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar in the Registration District, Sub-District and City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 222.50 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. A5|3515-3557, New Survey No. A5|1431 and Cadastral Survey No. 5|280 of Mahim Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'G' Ward No. 4189(7) and Street No. 8 (Hasali Tank Road) and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Common passage, on or towards the West and North by the property of Madhusudan Damodar and on or towards the South by the property of J. K. Damle.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1940.

VACHHA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(3298)

Auction Sales

MISTRY & CO.

PROPERTY OF R. S. BROWN Esq., will be auctioned at "Yusuf Mansion" Altamount Road, Cumballa Hill on WEDNESDAY, 4th September, 1940 at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) inclusive of modern household furniture and effects H.M.V. Gramophone, etc.

Property on view.

MISTRY & Co.

It is Still the BEST Picture in TOWN— AFTER 16 WEEKS
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring: SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
17th WEEK AT
PATHE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Matinee at 1 p.m.
on Wednesday & Thursday

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
TO-DAY
JEANETTE MacDONALD
NELSON EDDY
in M-G-M's
ROSE MARIE
FROM TO-MORROW
DEVIL'S BROTHER
With LAUREL & HARDY

TRACK NOTES FROM POONA

Vandyke And Gipsy Girl Impressive

POONA, September 2.

The following spurts on the tan and regular tracks were noted at Poona by our Racing Correspondent:—

DENNISON (Maxwell) and MARK YOU (R. Boy), galloped five furlongs. The latter was better.

VANDYKE (Brace), galloped nine furlongs. In good condition.

ROYAL MARCHER (Evans), galloped 6 furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 21 2|5 secs.

UM HABIBA (M. Khan) and ALBERTINE (R. Boy), galloped 6 furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 18 2|5 secs. The former finished well.

GIPSY GIRL (Brace), galloped on easy 6 furlongs. Well.

JEWEL (Brace), galloped 6 furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 20 secs.

F. KID (R. Boy) and APPLE JELLY (R. Boy), galloped 5 furlongs on the M. Track in 1 min. 6 secs. A. Jelly was better.

Q. TRUE (Rosen) and SIR ROBIN (Bullock), galloped 6 furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 19 secs. Both finished well.

HASSINA (Billet), galloped 6 furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 19 secs.

CHITOR (Britt), galloped on easy 5 furlongs. Well.

WAR DUST (R. Boy) and GILDEROY (R. Boy), galloped 5 furlongs on the tan. The latter was better.

PROMINENT (R. Boy) and POMP (Britt), galloped 6 furlongs on the race course proper in 1 min. 23 secs. Both are well.

CAN YOU (Britt) and Y. TIGER (R. Boy), galloped a mile. Both are well.

BON JOUR (R. Boy) and TAJ AL FARAT (R. Boy), galloped a mile. Both went well.

REGISTERED GRADUATES

In the Bye-election to the University Senate, now in process, from this constituency, Mr. K. T. Shah is a candidate. He is a sitting Member. Being very busy himself in the work of the Honorary General Secretary to the National Planning Committee, he would be unable to canvass for himself or collect votes. The votes, to be validly recorded, would need the signature of the voter to be attested by either a J. P., a Gazetted Officer, a Fellow, a University Teacher or a Headmaster of a High School. Registered Graduates appreciating Mr. Shah's work should, therefore, do everything necessary to record properly their votes and forward them to the University as soon as possible *before* the 18th September, 1940.

Rs. 5,000. REWARD
feel and be YOUNG the first NIGHT
A REVOLUTION IN MEDICINE WORLD

Dear Reader,

If you feel weak and rundown at 30 or 40; or if a helpless victim to old-age, loss of vigour, low vitality, nervous breakdown, depression, giddiness, bloodlessness, insomnia, high blood pressure, mental or physical exhaustion, weak memory, loss of appetite; is nature really to blame for all this? The reason is not far to seek. It is your own ignorance of laws of nature. There is a disappointing deficiency of 'Nectarde-Vital.' Vitamins and Mineral Salts in your system. It is a Nature's Warning Signal. Any delay would be dangerous may even fatal. Commence immediately Parker's Wonder Working 'VELEXO'. The Vitamin Nectar Treatment, an unparalleled latest Scientific Discovery in the Medicine World and let the results speak for themselves. A surprising increase in vigour and vitality within 24 to 48 hours, and 100 p.c. improvement in health and energy within a week. Mark the lustre and brilliance of the face day by day. Weigh yourself a week after, and see how many pounds of solid flesh and bones added to your system, and how extra-ordinary strong, vigorous and younger in age you look and feel. How miraculously 'VELEXO' restores the vigour and vitality of the prime of life as if at 25, and makes you live and enjoy the pleasures of youth over again, and even the Whitish Grey Hair turn Jet Black, and a New Set of Teeth re-appears in old-age. This Magical effect of 'VELEXO' has well been tried in SWITZERLAND on the Decaying plants and leaves, which turned natural greens with the freshness of spring. 'VELEXO' has also stood the Clinical Tests of Medical Men in India most successfully. People all over India, Burma and Ceylon both Males and Females have used 'VELEXO' and speak very very highly of its Speedy and Startling results. Why not try yourself and be a living testimony. Write for Trial Phial at Concession Rates Rs. 3 per Phial. Postage Extra.

NOTE:—A Cash Reward of Rs. 5,000 awarded if the efficacy of 'VELEXO' is disproved.

THE BRITISH DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.
From:—Any Leading Chemist or
P. O. Box No. 21, DELHI.
P. O. Box No. 7820, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box No. 1384, G. T., MADRAS.

ROVERS CUP
TOURNAMENT
Admission Charges
Semi-Finals & Final

MEMBERS STAND	
Members	Rs. 2|-
Non-Members	Rs. 3|-
PUBLIC STAND	
Semi-Finals	Re. 1|-
Final	Rs. 1|8
Servicemen:	
Semi- Finals	As. 6|-
Final	As. 8|-
EAST & SOUTH STANDS	
Semi-Finals	As. 4|-
Final	As. 8|-

E. J. TURNER,
Hon. Sec. W.I.F.A.

Handicaps For Wednesday

POONA, Sept. 2.

Following are the handicaps for Poona Races, Second Day, Wednesday, September 4:

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Field Marshal 9/0; Cavalier 9/0; Ravioli 8/12; Dinah's Son 8/9; Mark You 8/9; Inflation 8/7; Dignitary 8/2; Monte Carlo 8/0; Kingsbury 8/0; Vandyke 8/0; Orange Blossom II 7/9; Le Duc 7/7; Tall Story 7/7.

THE VISITORS' PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

Royal Marcher 9/7; Gipsy Girl 8/7; Um Habiba 8/7; Jewel 8/5; Red Gold 8/2; Lady of the Night 8/0; Hassina 8/0; Kishoree (late Cavatina) 8/0; Brittas Belle 8/0; Hi-Ho 7/11; Loveable 7/7; Quite True 7/7.

THE BURWELL PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Acinom 9/2; Barnegat 9/0; Tregenna 9/0; Night Reveller 9/0; Chitor 8/10; Gilderoy 8/9; Whyna 8/9; Gordon 8/9; Lord Clarion 8/8; Valencia 8/6; Scion 8/4; Column Two 8/4; Shivaganga (late Painter's Pride) 8/2; Dr. Mary 8/0; Albertine 8/0; Romney's Girl 8/0; Beau Geste 7/12; Gorgus 7/12.

THE BURWELL PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Legendary 9/4; Tiger Kid 9/0; Le Baron 8/12; Lens 8/12; Silk Apron 8/10; Aquafortis 8/9; Right Bet 8/8; Limejuice 8/8; Ramban 8/7; Not Out 8/7; Palais Glide 8/7; William (late Kerodo) 8/4; The Quack 8/2; Lords 8/2; American Beauty 8/0; Deccan Queen (late Lock of the Bay) 8/0; Suryakumar 7/11; Winlad 7/11.

THE BURWELL PLATE. Division III.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Impetus 9/4; Black Magic 9/0; Silver Armour 8/13; Sporting King 8/11; Antonotic 8/9; Gloaming (late Cordon) 8/6; Neocell 8/4; Merry Pass 8/2; Spilt Wine 8/2; Shivakumari (late Quaver) 8/2; Langdon 8/0; Royal Blue 8/0; Santa Rosa 8/0; Virmati 7/11; King of the Ring 7/11; Fun of the Fayre 7/7; Si La 7/7.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Gazal 9/4; Hashim 9/4; Can You 9/2; Nalini II 8/13; Star of Kashmir 8/12; Wheel of Fortune 8/10; Spitfire 8/5; Taj Nizam 8/5; Poppy Day 8/4; Dhanyan Faisal 8/4; Gaurishanker 8/3; Nada'a al Bari 8/2; Astafer Allah 8/1; Kaid Saoud 8/0; Nutchdat Beg 8/0; Full Moon 7/13; Tarick Beg 7/10; King Hilal 7/10; Asad 7/7; Hampstead 7/7.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Adwan Al Muluk 9/4; Fire Fly 9/3; Walk Over 9/0; Taj Subhan 8/9; Bon Jour 8/8; Young Tiger 8/8; Dahman Suri 8/7; Burgess 8/7; Qadum Al Khair 8/4; Shanghai 8/2; Makmood Beg 8/2; Malta 8/2; Sallal Pasha 8/0; Bani Tamim 8/0; Shah Jamal 7/12; Prince Bhanim 7/12; Tharwath 7/12; Amnawar 7/10; Sheriff 7/10; Silver Mine 7/7; Night Hawk 7/7.

W.I.F.A.'s Lunch

OFFICIALS OF VISITING TEAMS ENTERTAINED

On Sunday last the Western India Football Association Limited, entertained the Captains and Secretaries of the visiting teams in the Rovers Cup Tournament to a lunch at the Cricket Club of India Limited. Covers were laid for 50 and several ladies graced the table.

After the lunch Mr. D. Moir President of the Association, in a neat little speech thanked all the visiting teams for coming to Bombay for participating in the Rovers Cup. He expressed his gratitude to them for their co-operation in making the Tournament a success. Incidentally he, as President of the A. I. F. F., referred to Rule 33 and hoped that its judicious application would help every member of the Federation. He said that professionalism was bound to come to India before long and they would have to frame necessary rules for same.

Mr. E. J. Turner, Hon Secretary of the W. I. F. A. next informed the house that it was Mr Moir's 51st birthday and he wished him many happy returns of the day.

BOMBAY'S ADVANCE

Mr. M. A. Shafi Ispahani of the Mahomedan Sporting and Mr. D. N. Guin of the Mohun Bagan, replied on behalf of the guests. They were very thankful to the W. I. F. A. for all they had done for them.

Then Mr. J. C Maitra, a Vice-President of the W. I. F. A. speaking humorously, referred to the splendid advance made by the local teams. He said that the day was not far distant when Bombay would be able to hold its own against all visitors. He expressed his gratefulness to Mohun Bagan and other visiting teams for the great fillip they had given to Bombay football since the first visit of the Calcutta team in 1923. Mr. Maitra hoped that they would send teams for Bombay to other parts of India for gaining experience and to win laurels in the near future.

ITALIAN PRISONERS IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sept. 2

A ship has arrived in Bombay bringing over four hundred Italian prisoners of war captured in the recent fighting in Somaliland and on the Libyan border.

They include a Major-General who was captured in a raid over the Libyan frontier by armoured cars of a British mechanised regiment. The prisoners have been sent to Ahmednagar.—A. P.

Popular Govt. For Mysore?

State Congress Felicitations For New Maharaja

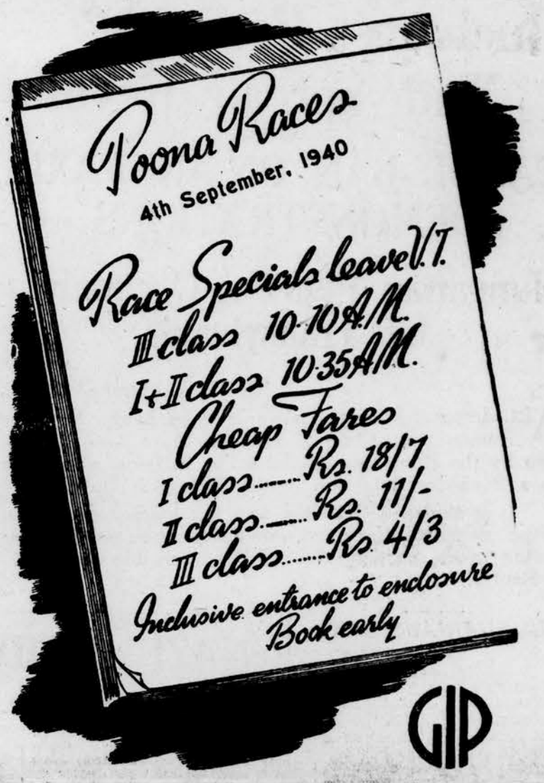
BANGALORE, Sept. 2

The Mysore State Congress Working Committee at its meeting last evening resolved to invite the All India States Peoples' Conference to hold its next session in the Mysore State.

The Committee offered its loyal and hearty felicitations to H. H. the Maharaja Sri Jayachamaraja Wadiyar Bahadur on his accession to the throne and tendered its respectful congratulations on the auspicious occasion of his installation. The Working Committee believed that H. H. the Maharaja with his liberal education, wide travel and efficient training was fully alive to the time spirit and popular aspirations and need for adjusting political institutions to suit them. The people fervently hoped that His Highness would set a great example of statesmanship by introducing responsible government under his aegis and thereby inaugurate a new era of happiness, contentment and prosperity in the State.

The President of the Mysore Congress having received an invitation for Pattabhishekam of the Maharaja on 8th instant is attending the ceremony.

No decision was arrived on the question of accepting membership on War Committees. The President who had been to Wardha to consult Mahatma Gandhi on the matter acquainted members with the Mahatma's view on the matter.—A. P.



DO YOU WANT A HEALTHY B/
— *Of course you do!*

Why is it that when baby gurgles, smiles and kicks, trying every form of acrobatics, your mother's heart is always gladdened? Because you know that baby's energy means a man's strength when he grows up.

THE FOOD THAT BABY NEEDS

To keep a baby in perfect health and activity, his mother's milk is of course always the best food. If you can't give him enough of your milk, it will have to be a preparation of cow's milk. In its plain form cow's milk is much too heavy for baby's stomach and you must add boiled water to it or it will surely upset the delicate little digestion. Even as baby grows older this dilution is better than plain milk.

STRENGTHENING FOOD

For baby to be strong and active his muscles must be constantly supplied with food, and muscle-food, is one special kind of sugar in which mother's milk is most rich. Undiluted Cow's milk contains only half the sugar baby needs, and when you add water to it, of course cow's milk gives baby less than half the muscle-food he must have. To supply himself with fuel for activity, baby uses his reserve supply of fat, and of course begins to look thin and ill. To prevent this happening you must add the right kind of sugar to your baby's milk.

Baby's Correct Sugar

A baby's stomach has to make a great effort to digest ordinary sugar, which makes gas form in the stomach, and often encourages diarrhoea.

KARO SYRUP is the scientifically correct sugar to add to baby's food. With cow's milk and water which has been boiled, KARO makes food as near to mother's milk as you can get.

Ask any doctor if this is not true

Karo SYRUP
FOOD FOR A-C-T-I-O-N

Please write for full advice about feeding your baby to: Dept. B. 14 Corn Products Co. (India) Ltd., P. O. Box 994, BOMBAY.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

MILLIONS ENJOY WRIGLEY'S DAILY

Millions get pleasure and profit from chewing Wrigley's gum regularly.

Modern soft food leaves particles between the teeth after eating, causing decay. Wrigley's removes them.

It also brightens the tooth enamel and makes the gums strong. Aids digestion. Buy several packets to-day. Two fa. chantin flavours. P.K. and SPEARMINT. T.I.

WRIGLEY'S

Contains No Animal Fat.

Nice people with nice manners use talc after their bath

PROBABLY you'd rather go without your breakfast than your daily bath, but even the longest, most luxuriant bath won't keep you cool and fresh all day.

But luckily, there's Coty Talc. And if you know a more luxurious sensuous thrill than an all-over after-the-bath dusting with this silkiest thistledown Talc, then you're a very lucky girl indeed.

Coty Talc makes ordinary undies feel like finest silk, and silk undies feel like the passionless caress of an angel. And it keeps you deliciously cool and fragrant all day long. You can get it in your favourite Coty perfume.

No wonder nice people with nice manners make sure of Freshness Appeal with dainty Coty Talc.

Coty TALC

FOR FRESHNESS APPEAL

Price Lists on application.

Sole Agents for Coty (England) Ltd.
M. G. Shahani & Co., Karachi.

C-39

RATS BRING DEATH!

Rats are carriers of deadly disease. Rats in the past have decimated whole populations. Remove the deadly danger which threatens you, by spreading RATEX in every rat run on your property. RATEX is death to rats, harmless to humans. Buy RATEX at your dealer's now. Full directions and money - back guarantee with each Re. 1|- tin.

RATEX KILLS THEM

If your dealer does not stock send Re. 1|- to M. DEODHAR & SONS, SHIRPUR, WEST KHANDESH.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Shud 1, 1996
Muslim: Rajab 29, 1359
Parsi: Gatha 4, 1309
Hightide: 0-12; 12-35
Lowtide: 6-13; 18-46
Sunrise: 6h. 24m.
Sunset: 6h. 52m.

INDIAN CHRISTIAN BROTHERHOOD

The Rev. E. Sambayya will speak on "Towards the reunion of the churches" at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Tuesday) at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House. The Rev. James Kellock will preside.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Miss Dastur will not take her class in Modern English Poetry to-morrow (Wednesday the 4th).

MARATHI SAHITYA SANGH

A public lecture under the auspices of the Sangh will be delivered by Mr. A. N. Krishnarao on "Trends in Modern Kannada Literature" at 6-30 p.m. at the Young Men's Hindu Association Hall, Vithaibhai Patel Road to-day (Tuesday). Mr. Anant Kaneker will preside.

GUJARAT RESEARCH SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the Gujarat Research Society, Swami Kuvalayananda, President, Board of Physical Education, Bombay, will give a lecture on "Physical Education for Women" in the Lecture Hall of the University School of Economics and Sociology, South Wing, Bombay University, today (Tuesday) at 5-45 p.m. Mrs. Hansa Mehta will preside.

SHARADA MANDIR

Sharada Mandir High School for Girls celebrated "Mothers' Day" yesterday. Mrs. Hirlekar was the president of the day. Prayer, introduction of the president, a few songs, imitation and a speech by a student of the said school were the main items of the programme.

WAR PUBLICITY BROADCASTING

As Wednesday, the 4th and Thursday, the 5th instant, are Bank holidays, there will be no programme of broadcasting from the Bombay War Publicity Committee.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL MUSLIM LEAGUE

A public meeting of the Muslim Ladies of Bombay will be held at Beg Mohammed Baug, Mohammedali Road, to-day (Tuesday) at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) to give expression to stand by the Lahore Resolution popularly known as "Pakistan". Begum Maulana Mohammedali Saheba will preside.

"3RD OF SEPTEMBER"

"Third of September" the fateful day, will be the title of Gujarati and Marathi features, which will be produced by the Bombay Station of All-India Radio to-day (Tuesday) at 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. respectively. They will deal with a review of the first year of war. "Sound News"—a new way of imparting news to listeners—will also commence to-morrow, the opening number is timed at 8-30 p.m. All these items will be broadcast on both 244 and 61.48 metres.

KANNADA NADAHABBA

At a meeting of the representatives of the various Kannada Associations of Bombay, held on Sunday, the 1st September 1940, under the presidentship of Diwan Bahadur K. Ramaswamy, a Kannada Nadahabba Committee was formed with Diwan Bahadur K. Ramaswamy as Chairman, Messrs. S. R. S. Raghavan, G. K. Betgeri, K. N. Gaitonde and S. S. Balavalli as Hon. Secretaries and Mr. M. S. Mundkur as Hon. Treasurer, for the purpose of making arrangements for celebrating the forthcoming Nadahabba in a befitting manner.

'A' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

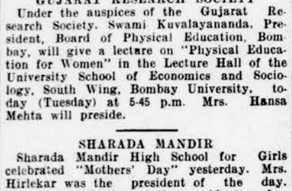
The Hon. Joint Secretaries of the 'A' Ward D. C. C. have issued a public appeal to all Congressmen of 'A' Ward asking that they should enrol themselves as Satyagrahis in the office of the Committee, Holi Chakla Fort, Bombay, during the following hours, 8-30 to 11-30 a.m. and 5-30 to 8-30 p.m.

MAYOR TO VISIT FORT HINDU STREE MANDAL

Sjt. Mathuradas Tricumjee, the Mayor of Bombay will visit the Fort Hindu Stree Mandal classes at 3 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday).

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

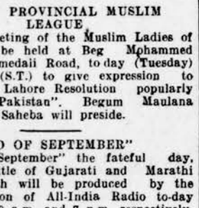
LAST DAY!



TOMORROW!

Jeanette MacDONALD NELSON EDDY

Your favorite singing stars together again in their most exciting film adventure!



IN NEW MOON

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

with
Mary Boland • George Zucco
H. B. Warner • Grant Mitchell

Amusements Of The Day

REGAL—"Swanee River" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Waterloo Bridge" Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Turnabout" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"A Bill of Divorcement" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Kanya-Dan" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapandav" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bharosa" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Matwali Meera" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

BOMBAY TO CONDEMN VICEROY'S OFFER

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m (S. T.), in the Congress House compound, to condemn the British Offer contained in the Viceroy's statement. Sjt. N. T. Master, Vice-President of the Bombay P. C. C. will preside and Sjts. Mangaldas M. Pakvasa, R. M. Gandhi, D. R. Gharpure, B. N. Maheshwari and S. K. Patil will address.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Previously acknowledged Rs. 14,58,461-9-1
Grand total on Monday Rs. 14,60,804-3-1

3 % DEFENCE BONDS

Subscribed to 30th Aug Rs. 20,32,46,900
Subscribed on 31st Aug. Rs. 48,56,700
Total Rs. 20,81,03,600

C.-in-C. To Broadcast On War To-day

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief will broadcast a review of the war situation from the Simla studio of the All-India Radio at 8-30 p.m. to-day, (Tuesday).—A. P.

"MY EXPERIENCES IN CHINA"

Dr. Atal's Lecture

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood Dr. Atal will speak at 6 p.m. on Wednesday 4th instant, at the Blavatsky Hall, on "My Experiences in China" when Dr. M. D. Gilder will preside.

DR. ATAL ON HIS EXPERIENCES IN CHINA

Under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party Dr. M. Atal Leader of the Indian Medical Mission to China, who has just returned to this country, will deliver a public lecture on "My Experiences in China" to-day (Tuesday), at 6-30 p.m. at the Socialist Hall Sandhurst Bridge corner, opposite Allies Restaurant

Loud Speaker Programme For To-day

The loud speaker programme for to-day (Tuesday) is as under:—

GUJARATI

11-30 a.m. Recorded music. 11-35 News Bulletin. 11-40 Recorded music. 11-45 "Hitler's plan foiled"—A talk. 11-50 Recorded music. 11-55 "Indian Air Force"—A talk.

5 p.m. Recorded music. 5-05 A talk by Mr. Harrai Desai on the progress of war. 5-10 Music by Mr. P. M. Mistry. 5-15 News Bulletin. 5-30 Music by Mr. P. M. Mistry. 5-35 A rejoinder to Nazi Radio. 5-40 Music by Mr. P. M. Mistry, 5-45 Survey of latest war news.

Bombay Govt. Rules For Civic Guards

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Civic Guards Ordinance, 1940 (Ordinance No VIII of 1940), and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Government of Bombay has made rules for the Civic Guards for the districts in the Province of Bombay. The rules are published in Bombay Government "Gazette" Extraordinary issued on Monday.

Forfeiture Of Hindi Book

The Government of Bombay has ordered the forfeiture of all copies, wherever found, of the book in Hindi entitled "Azadiki Ag" (i.e., The Anguish For Liberty) printed at the Rang-Manch Press, Patel Mansion, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay, and all other documents containing copies, reprints, translations of or extracts from the book, on the ground that it contains words of the nature described in clause (b) of section 4 (1) of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act 1931.

Late Maharaja Of Mysore

Sir M. Visveswaraya, who had presided at the public meeting of the citizens of Bombay held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on the 16th ultimo to express sorrow at the demise of Maharaja Sri Krishnaraja Wadiyar Bahadur of Mysore, has received a letter from the Huzur Secretary to the new Maharaja of Mysore, requesting him "to very kindly convey to the citizens of Bombay the sincerest gratitude of His Highness the Maharaja, Her Highness the Dowager Maharani and the members of the Royal Family for their kind sympathy." The letter further states "The fact that the grief in their present bereavement is shared by their friends in Bombay and throughout the country has done much to console His Highness and the Royal Family".

Sir M Visveswaraya has also received a letter from Sir Mirza M. Ismail, Dewan of Mysore, stating that the Mysore Government are deeply grateful to the citizens of Bombay for their sympathy.

SALE OF CHEMDYES

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

In the course of a Press "communique" it is stated that the assets of Chemdyes, Ltd., were vested under the orders of Government in the Custodian of Enemy property on May 29, 1940.

The Custodian has now with the approval of the Government of India entered into an agreement with Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd., for the sale to them of the assets and liabilities of Chemdyes.—A. P.

NEED OF HUMAN APPROACH

BOMBAY, Monday.

At to-day's meeting of the National Planning Committee, there was prolonged discussion of the general principles, which should govern National planning. A Sub-Committee, consisting of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prof. M. N. Saha and Mr. Shuaib Qureshi, was constituted to go into the matter.

The report of the Sub-Committee on Woman's Role in Planned Economy was the subject of inconclusive discussions earlier.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Chairman of the Committee, welcomed the Hon. Mr. Fazlul Huq, Prime Minister of Bengal when he arrived during the afternoon session.

Mr. Huq described the problems which affected the Bengal peasantry. The basic problem of the country, he said, was that the people should have enough to live on (He thought that the best approach to this type of work was the human approach). He assured the Committee of the full co-operation of the Government of Bengal, in their efforts.

Pandit Nehru in replying to Mr. Huq hoped that the National Planning Committee would always bear in mind that their essential objective was the removal of the crushing poverty of the Indian masses and the raising of the people to higher living-standards. He expressed his conviction that there could be no final solution for the provincial problem, unless it had an All-India solution. He was glad that Mr. Huq had emphasised on the human aspect of the problems in India. He thanked him for the co-operation of the Bengal Government which Mr. Huq had promised.

Resolutions affecting the public health, dietary standards, and practice and manufacture of medicine were passed at the meeting. It was resolved that the recommendations of the Sub-Committee for the fixing of dietary standards should be placed before the National Planning Commission. The recommendations were for the adoption of the dietary standards laid down by the Technical Commission of the Health Committee of the League of Nations, minus 8 per cent. They provide a basic diet of 2,400 calories for an average adult.

By a resolution the Committee decided that India should have a form of health organisation, both curative and preventive, under State control. The preservation and maintenance of the people's health would become a State responsibility. This would involve the encouragement of research and the adoption of the scientific method at its widest. As a first step the Committee recommended that a large number of health workers should be given immediate training to undertake community welfare work.

The appointment of a Pharmacopoeia-Committee for the drawing up of an Indian Pharmacopoeia, the manufacture of drugs, medicines and surgical implements, the abolition of patent rights in vital medical preparations, and the banning of secret and unscientific remedies were the subject-matter of other resolution. It was also resolved to absorb and where required, give scientific training to, indigenous medical practitioner.

The Committee will meet again to-morrow.

FEAST OF MOUNT MARY

(BY SUBURBAN MAN.)

Sunday September 8, is the Proper Day of celebration of the feast of Our Lady of Mount Bandra Hill. Masses at the shrine on that day are at 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30, 9-30, 10-30 and Solemn High Mass and Benediction will be at 11-30 a.m. This day being declared as a National Day of Prayer a pilgrimage is being organised to the shrine by local Catholics.

In order to avoid a traffic jam, the following police regulation is to be observed on September 8, 10 and 15:—

All traffic going to the hill on the three mentioned days will proceed from Hill Road, Mount Mary's Road and at the top of the Hill will be diverted by Kane Road, Lands End, back to Hill Road, cutting through St. Andrew's Road, Perry Road and back by Turner Road to the Station.

The Bandra Bus Company is to run a regular fleet of Buses.

THANA AT HOME

On Sunday evening the Thana Catholic Association, gave an At Home to Rev. B. F. D'Silva, Vara and Vicar of Thana. Speaking at the 'at home' the Rev. Father paid tributes to the good work done by Association and emphasised the need of a lay association in all parishes.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED
THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAV. & TRADING CO., LTD.

FERRY LINE SERVICES

We have pleasure in announcing that our Dabhol Line and the Vengurla Line services will be resumed very shortly and the same will be maintained regularly, calling at Janjira, Shrivardhan, Harnai and Dabhol, and Jaigad, Ratnagiri, Viziadurg, Devgad, Malwan and Vengurla respectively.

CARGO SERVICES

The Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., will reopen cargo service between Mangalore Line Ports and Bombay, calling at Mormugao. They will also continue to maintain cargo services between Bombay and Bhavnagar, Bombay and Gulf of Cutch Ports, and passenger-cum-cargo service between Bombay and Karachi.

For further particulars please apply to the Company's Booking Offices at Parel and at Girgaum (Tel. No. 23683) or Alexandra Dock (Tel. No. 25303) or Prince's Dock (Tel. 24036) or Mis. Kanji Jadhavji & Co.'s Office (Tel. 25744) or to Company's Head Office.

"SCINDIA HOUSE", Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 30th August, 1940.
(Tel. No. 25061-3).

You can have one of these prizes!

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM HANDWRITING COMPETITION

HERE IS A CHANCE FOR EVERY ENTERPRISING AND ENERGETIC BOY AND GIRL IN BOMBAY.

500 HANDSOME PRIZES

EVERY ONE WELL WORTH HAVING!

Instructions to Competitors

(a) Boys and girls under 12 should copy in English and in their best handwriting paragraphs 1 and 4—those between 12 and 15 years should copy numbers 1 and 3; between 16 and 20 numbers 1, 2 and 3. Write in ink. Ruled paper may be used.

(b) On the top left-hand side of your effort put in plain block letters, your name and address, the class you read in, and the name of your school. On the top right hand corner write your age last birthday.

(c) Every effort must be certified by one of your schoolmasters, parents, or guardian in the following words:—
"This is to certify that the above is the unaided work of the competitor."

(d) You may send in as many efforts as you like, but to each one must be pinned a cardboard box of Little's Oriental Balm—The cardboard box must be complete.

All entries should be addressed as follows:—
"Handwriting Competition"
LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM & PHARMACEUTICALS, LTD.,
P.B. 67. 15, Armenian Street, MADRAS.
and must reach before 15-9-'40 when the competition closes.

1 Fifty years is a long time of testing and this is the period over which Little's Oriental Balm has been used by a grateful public. It is so bland and soothing that it may be used on the most tender skins. Its use always brings a blessing which is much better than raising a blister: It relieves Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Head-aches, Sprains, Strains and Muscular pains. No wise mother should be without a bottle in the house. For these reasons it has become known and famous as Little's Oriental Balm, India's Foremost Remedy for Aches and Pains.

2 Sixty years ago a Missionary on the East Coast of India, named Henry, learnt from some of his Indian friends the secret of their famous and effective remedy for Malarial fevers. So effective was it found that it was called the fever destroyer, which is the meaning of the name, Henry's Jvara-Hari, known for 60 years as the best remedy for Ague, Malaria and Influenza.
The Missionary's wife was also glad to learn from the Indian friends of a remedy which worked wonders in all cases of stomach trouble. Every boy or girl at some time has suffered from stomach-ache, but every boy and girl should know that Henry's Omum-Carpoor is a wonderful comfort and relief in all kinds of stomach trouble such as Colic, Flatulence, Indigestion and even Cholera in early stages.

3 A few years ago, in a camp for young people, a wonderful remedy for colds was discovered. That dangerous enemy the "cold" was found to vanish at the application of this remedy in a most wonderful way. Henry's Kila-Kold as it is called has ever since been used in thousands of homes for the cure of colds.
Another recent discovery is Germex, the Antiseptic Healing Ointment for Cuts, Bruises, Ringworm, Boils and all Skin Troubles. Germex Kills the Germs and Heals the Wound.

4 Little's Oriental Balm relieves Aches and Pains.
Henry's Jvara-Hari is a certain remedy for Malaria and other Fevers.
Henry's Omum-Carpoor for Colic and Cholera.
Henry's Kila-Kold for Colds and Coughs.
Germex, the Antiseptic Healing Ointment for Skin Troubles.

PRIZES ON DISPLAY
AT
Messrs. YAZDANI & Co. Ltd.
SITARAM BUILDINGS. HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

PROHIBITION CASE

Appeal From Magistrate's Order Of Acquittal

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodew.)

Government of the Province of Bombay. ..... Appellant.
v.
Saver Manual Dantes. ..... Opponent (Original Accused).

The Government of Bombay presented to the High Court for admission an appeal against the order of acquittal of the Accused passed by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, in conformity with the opinion delivered by the Full Bench of this High Court on July 1st last in the Prohibition Reference under Section 432 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The Advocate-General appearing on behalf of the Government of Bombay drew the attention of their lordships to the case of Emperor v. Hemendra Prasad Ghosh ((1939) 2 Cal 411) for the proposition that the opinion given by the High Court under Section 432 of the Code of Criminal Procedure was not a "judgment, decree or final order of that Court" within Section 205 of the Government of India Act 1935, and therefore according to that decision, no appeal lay from that mere expression of opinion directly to the Federal Court. The final order in the case was that of the Magistrate and an appeal from that order could only lie to the High Court. Hence the present appeal was presented for admission. If the Lordships were to dismiss this appeal summarily under Section 421 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, then a substantial question of law as to the interpretation of the Government of India Act arises.

After hearing these submissions of the Advocate-General, their Lordships dismissed the appeal summarily.

Thereupon, the Advocate-General informed the Court that an application for the grant of a certificate for leave to appeal to the Federal Court would be made to the same Full Bench which on July 1st heard the original Prohibition Reference as required by Rule 172 of the Rules of the High Court (Appellate Side) for Appeals to the Federal Court published on 22nd August 1940. Their Lordships were pleased to extend the time of one month provided by the said Rule 172 for appealing to the Federal Court.

The Advocate-General, Mr M. C. Setalvad, with the Government Pleader Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar instructed the Public Prosecutor, Mr. N. K. Petigara appeared for the Government of Bombay.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

IN TECHNICOLOR!

SWANEE RIVER

The Story of Stephen C. Foster, the Great American Troubadour!

Don Ameche · Andrea Leeds · Al Jolson

LATEST WAR NEWS
Free List Suspended.

Telephone No. 22861
Post Box 232.
Telegrams: "Chronicle,"
Registered No. B. 1043.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1940.

LEAGUE'S DECISION

The Working Committee of the Muslim League has "found it very difficult to deal with the offer" of the Viceroy for various reasons set forth by it. Briefly the reasons are that certain necessary particulars about the composition of the Viceroy's Executive Council and the War Council are still lacking. But, on the whole, the League has described the offer as "most unsatisfactory", has requested the Viceroy "to reconsider the matter and has authorised the President to seek further information and clarification". Minor details about the number of Executive Councillors, the parties to be represented therein and the distribution of portfolios or even about the method of selecting the Councillors from among panels to be submitted by various parties will not give any serious trouble if Government accept the larger demands of the League. One such demand is that the League's representatives "should be partners in the Central and Provincial Governments." But Government have already declared that at this stage they do not contemplate non-official Advisers in the provinces which are at present administered by the Governors. Nor are they likely, as things are, to make the non-official members of the Central Government real partners, as the League wants them to be If the League is earnest about real power, it can secure it only by confronting Government with a joint Congress-League demand, more or less on the basis of Mr. Rajagopalachari's offer.

Sufficient Assurance

The League has also reiterated its demand for the partition of India as the ultimate solution of the Indian constitutional problem, because some of the remarks of Mr. Amery in this behalf are not reassuring to it. But the League has not made its co-operation conditional on Government's immediate acceptance of this demand for partition. This is wise. It will be equally wise for the League not to insist on the immediate recognition of the ideal of partition by the Congress in the event of any negotiations with it for a provisional scheme of National Government. The assurance, already given by the Congress, should suffice, that it will not accept any constitution not acceptable to the Muslims.

"C. R." 's Offer

The League has not made any mention of Mr. Rajagopalachari's offer presumably because, as its Secretary pointed out, the offer had been made to the British Government and not to the League. Yet it is an open secret that the offer was considered by several League leaders informally. They are understood to have expressed the view that such a promising opportunity for bringing about a communal settlement should not be brushed aside or ignored on mere technical grounds. Nawabzada Liaqut Ali Khan said that if the Secretary of State thought it worthwhile to consider the offer and if he consulted the League about it, the League might then consider the question. That is not a correct attitude from the standpoint of a communal settlement, which the League has always claimed to have at heart. If the League approves of the offer it will be irresistible. If it does not, it loses nothing by considering it. It may be objected that the League wants a settlement on the basis of partition of India. But Mr. Rajagopalachari's offer does not prejudice that claim. It is only a better provisional scheme than the one proposed by Government, better, of course from the nationalist point of view. We cannot believe that the League as a whole prefers being a favourite of an alien authority, without any real power, just to spite the Congress. However, if the League is punctilious about procedure, Mr. Rajagopalachari may well convey his offer to it, promising to clarify it further, if desired, and to make it the basis for further possible negotiations, without any prejudice to the final ideals of the Congress and the League. If even this the offer is ignored or rejected, Congress will at least have the satisfaction of having done its own duty.

War Risk Insurance

The War Risks (Goods) Insurance Ordinance 1940 promulgated by the Government of India to make provision for the insurance of goods in British India against damage by enemy action is welcomed by the business community in general. It was a bare necessity for each trade to have war risk insurance and the first need was felt by the local cotton trade. Sir Purshotamdas Thakordas, President of the East India Cotton Association, made pressing demands on the Government of India to introduce the necessary measure. In the absence of export demand, stocks of cotton were mounting up in warehouses and prices were being depressed unduly. Investors, in the absence of war risk insurance, were timid and even unduly low prices failed to attract the usual investment support and the trade outlook remained obscure.

At last Government realized the imperative need for war risk insurance and the Commerce Member to the Government of India proposed an insurance rate of 1 8 per cent. This was found burdenesome by trade associations and ultimately a rate of 1 32 per cent. was fixed, as desired by various commercial bodies. Thus the Ordinance, which has already met with general approval, will restore confidence and save the price structure from a collapse as idle money will soon find employment. There is some discontent with regard to the measure because it is compulsory and because there is a uniform rate of premium throughout the country. It is argued that the risk in places like Bombay and Karachi is greater than in the interior places. There is some force in the argument but any difference in rates may result in unhealthy competition. Our only fear is that, in the absence of sufficient freight and shipping facilities, large stocks will accumulate in ports and this may have a depressing effect on prices as there is no inducement to keep stocks of unsold goods in interior markets. It is a difficult task to satisfy individual needs, but the Ordinance is bound to restore confidence and help industries and agriculturists in general as the war risk insurance not only covers risks but also plays an important part in stabilising prices, which is also an imperative need for this country, particularly during the war period. But this is not enough. As Mr. Manu Subedar says, the public will be interested to know whether the Government of India have taken any other measures to sustain prices and to enable the grower to tide over a distressing period on account of his foreign markets having disappeared and the numerous checks both on exports and on shipping and an Exchange which have been imposed."

Thoughts On The War

By D. F. KARAKA

A whole year has passed since the day Mr. Chamberlain declared to a panic-stricken world that the war with Germany had begun. The year that has passed has been a sad one in the history of civilization and, at the end of it, one feels somewhat disillusioned at the things that have come to pass. It is not merely that a moron in uniform has uprooted some of the mightiest trees in Europe, that whole countries have been wiped out and that, in the name of a pan-Germanism, a whirlwind has swept everything before it. Something more has happened to this world and the happiness of the ordinary man has been shattered.

★

There was so much beauty around us and so much of it has been destroyed. Ideals which took years to build up, and believe in, have been shattered in the twinkling of an eye. All that was sound and solid and holy has crashed to earth. An annihilation incomparable with anything of its kind in history lies bare before our eyes, a vandalism unsurpassed by the decadence of the worst periods of civilisation is the fashion of the day, and a ruthlessness which makes the middle ages look silly, takes the toll of hundreds of lives. Yet the war rolls merrily on with Britain fighting to defend the last bastion of democracy.

★

I believe in the ordinary man. I think that he has a right to live. I believe that his creation is not without purpose. Yet he it is who is supplying the cannon fodder for the guns that roar across the channel His body lies cold on the scrap-heap like used shells that have nothing more to say or do.

Once he lived life from day to day midst the happiness of his little home. He earned a small wage which kept his body and soul together and his house was the symbol of his happiness. When the day's work was over and he returned to his hearth and his home, it was with a feeling that to-morrow was yet another day. To-morrow, to-morrow, to-morrow! That was the dream that kept him alive and that made him feel his life was not in vain.

★

Then one fine day, as he awoke, he found his dream shattered. That endless vista of to-morrows was blurred from his sight. Instead he saw around him destruction, ruin and carnage. Instead of the scund of laughing children, he heard the wail of weeping women, the cry of a neighbour buried under a debris of a shattered house. He heard the booming of guns and the crash of a bombing plane. He heard the bugle sound and he packed his kit and stepped out of his little haven, knowing that, perhaps, he would never return. Such is the human story of the year that has just rolled on. That is the story of the small people who never had a chance, of the people who never could control the forces that brought about the present state of affairs.

★

The land which was to become fit for heroes to live in, became, after the last war was over, a living hell for forgotten men. The brotherhood of man for which that war was fought and which they said would be established was buried with the eight million dead. It was a fraternity of adjacent corpses that the war established—not a fraternity of living men. The symbol of victory was a breadline and a queue in front of a Labour Exchange. Grim faces, scarred, emaciated, heavy feet, tired limbs, crippled bodies, empty stomachs. The theme song of victory was a cry for a morsel of bread. The chorus of the men they saved was: "Not enough money." Today there is enough money spent in a single day which would have fed and housed all those half-starved, homeless people. There is, of course, the righteousness of the present cause which is said to obscure everything else, but to me the inner lining of a hungry man's stomach was equally important, the right of man to work for a living was equally urgent, the right of man to equal opportunity was equally righteous a cause to fight for.

★

Let us, therefore, look at this war in its true perspective. Let us while we speak of the urgent need for victory not underestimate the price which is being paid for it. Let us ask ourselves what is the stake and who are the parties? Let us when we have done all this contribute where help is most needed. This war is being fought by the ordinary man so that when it is over, he will be able to build out of the ruins a new world, in which life will be free and equal,—a world of the ordinary man, which he will dominate and of which he alone will control the destiny. This world is decaying because its roots are horrid and unhealthy. Prejudice, class-consciousness, greed, exploitation, unequal distribution of wealth—these were the heritage of a generation which came out victorious from the last war. Those who have gone to fight today realise that this must never happen again and the end of the war must mark the end of the domination of the present ruling class. These ordinary men will not fight to defend themselves against the domination of Adolf Hitler and then acquiesce in the perpetuation of the domination of a class over them. It cannot happen and those who are today in the battlefields of Europe fully realise this.

Frankly Speaking

Japan And Indo-China

The latest report about French Indo-China suggests that there is little likelihood of a Japanese invasion because Japan is about to obtain valuable commercial concessions from Indo-China. This is quite likely because Japan would hesitate unnecessarily to risk any action which might involve the danger of armed resistance by France. But the extent of the economic concessions will probably remain uncertain until Japan has negotiated with the Axis Powers who also are reported to be economically interested in French Indo-China. As to the internal situation in that French colony, it is only too natural that there should be conflicting views as regards the Petain regime. But a revolt must be ruled out as practically impossible.

Rumanians Enraged

The Rumanians are now going through the second stage of their tragedy. They were stunned and stupefied by the Vienna Award. Now the mood has inevitably changed into that of growing resentment. They are doing what an enraged population usually does in similar circumstances. It happens sometimes that the outburst of nation-wide wrath results in a change of Government. No group of Rumanian statesmen will accept the job of replacing the present rulers, for what is done simply cannot be undone. Moreover, Rumania, now being inescapably attached to the Axis, the Gigurtu administration is the only possible one. The present Cabinet will remain and seek to deal with the outburst with the usual means—troops and police. What remains to be seen is whether the third and final stage—the inevitable "occupation" by Germany—is reached immediately or after some time. The chances at present seem to be in favour of some immediate developments. M. Gigurtu may not be able to cope with the disturbances, so profound and passionate is the anger of the people. And then they have already committed a gravely sacrilegious act in tearing off Herr Hitler's portrait. The Nazis may thus be "forced" to step in.

Russia's Policy

But if and when they do, their move will be helpful to a puzzled world at least in one respect. It will, as we hope, solve the Russian enigma. Apropos the obvious lack of logic in Soviet action, the Turks, it is reported, ask: "Why did Russia renew her threats to Rumania, thereby aiding the Germans in forcing Rumania to come to terms? Was it bad diplomacy or was it motivated by more subtle considerations?" If Germany moves into Rumania, subsequent developments may answer these questions. Incidentally it is interesting to note in this connection that the formal conclusion of the agreement between Bulgaria and Rumania is being delayed and the Bulgarians are wondering whether the Rumanians want to go back upon it. Is it that the Axis is at the back of this delay? Can it be that Herr Hitler having decided eventually to annex Rumania sees no reason why he should not have Southern Dobrudja too?

Bombay Christians' Example

The Indian Christians of Bombay deserve to be congratulated on their unanimously adopting a resolution according full support to the Congress demands. A similar resolution was adopted by the Nationalist Christian Party a few days ago but that was open to the possible objection that it was only a party affair without any considerable following in the Christian community in the city. This cannot be said of a resolution unanimously adopted by a public meeting of the community. The Bombay Christians' example deserves to be followed by all minorities in India. Mr. Ignatius Fonseca, the President of the meeting, rightly emphasized the point that the Congress was the only organisation fighting for the Independence of the motherland and said that Christians need have no fear that their interests would suffer under a full National Government. The Congress is struggling for independence for all Indians, for all communities and interests in the country on the principle of "each for all and all for each." It will oppose only those who would sacrifice national interests for personal or sectional ends.

Good So Far As It Goes

The Mysore Government's decision to release all political prisoners on the occasion of the installation of the new ruler will be widely welcomed. But the State people's satisfaction will be but shortlived if their leaders are again to be clapped into jail for constitutional agitation for responsible government under the aegis of the Maharaja. There is nothing disloyal or seditous in such an ideal and it is both injustice and bad statesmanship to punish people who work for it without inciting people to violence. All-India expects Mysore to give the lead in inaugurating responsible government, and we trust the people of the State will not relax their efforts to realise this ideal and that the Government will at least not hinder them, if it cannot help them.

U. S. Rushes Through Defence Programme

We Are Bull's-Eye For Hitler's Target, Says Gen. O'ryan

NEW YORK, September 2.

The calling up by President Roosevelt of the first batch of 60,000 National Guardsmen on September 16 is splashed in the morning papers, which emphasise the unprecedented nature of such a move in peace time.

PROGRAMME TO BE RUSHED THROUGH

Washington dispatches indicate the defence programme would be rushed through so that Congress may adjourn at the beginning of October for a two months' recess.

The conscription Bill is expected to be ready for President's signature in a fortnight.

While the isolationist leader, Senator Nye, in a radio debate as reported in the Press, declared that the sale of overage destroyers to Britain would be a belligerent act, prominence is given to a speech by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, urging the United States to lead the fight for a free world.

BULL'S EYE FOR HITLER

The "New York Times" in a Los Angeles dispatch gives an interview with Gen. Joan F. O'Ryan on his return from a visit to Japan, in which he urges that the United States enter the war. "What are we waiting for"? He asks "We are a grand prize. A bull's eye for Hitler's target".

He recommended that the United States send pilots, aircraft and lesser war vessels to Britain.

Maj.-Gen. John F. O'ryan commanded the 27th Division in the World War, and later the 6th Division on Mexican (of U.S.A.).

Labour Federation For All Help To Britain

DENVER (Colorado), Sept. 2

A plea for all possible help to Britain, short of entry into the war was made by Mr. William Green, President of the American Federation of Labour, in an address prepared for delivery at a Labour Day meeting here.

Mr. Green declared; "By aiding Britain we are strengthening our own national defence. If Britain succumbs, the United States and her sister Republics in the Western Hemisphere may be the next targets of the dictators."

He proposed a short term enlistment with higher pay for armed forces instead of conscription.—Reuter.

"GANDHISM IS GREATEST SOCIALISM"

CALICUT, Sept. 2.

Gandhism was the greatest socialism ever known, declared Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, addressing a public meeting here on the present political situation. Gandhism, he added, sought to give every man bread, clothing, and habitation without uprooting him from the village setting. This was in essence Swaraj, through non-violence.

Site For Congress

LAHORE, September 2

The question of the venue for the next session of the Indian National Congress was discussed at a five-hour meeting of the Working Committee of the Punjab Congress. Invitations received from some of the District Congress Committees were considered at great length and eventually a sub-committee, consisting of seven members with Mian Iftikharuddin as Chairman was appointed to visit the places suggested.

The Committee endorsed the Wardha resolutions on Congress volunteers.

The meeting sympathised with the detenus, who are on hunger-strike in the Montgomery Central Jail and requested the Government to intervene in the matter.—A. P.

Muslim Congressman Dead

CALICUT, Sept. 2.

Mr. Hassan Koya Molla, ex-President, Kerala Provincial Congress Committee, died yesterday. He was a staunch Muslim Congressman since 1921.—A. P.

Kerala Congress, Differences Settled

CALICUT, Sept. 2.

Dr. B. Pattabhi Sitaramayya who was directed by the Congress Working Committee as a sequel to the formation of rival Congress organisations in Kerala to convene a fresh meeting of the general body of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee for the purpose of filling up vacancies among the office-bearers and members of the Executive Committee arrived here yesterday, and was accorded a reception by local Congressmen

He presided over a general body meeting of the Kerala Provincial

(Continued on page 6, col. 1)

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Sir George Paish's enthusiasm must have run away with him in America, or Lord Lothian would not have advised him to leave "in the interests of better Anglo-American relations." . . . . .

Sir George Paish has a number of books to his credit, of which the last is called "The Way Out." Now he's been shown it.

—Anglo-India.

* * * *

"The tide is beginning to turn already," declares Mr. Amery in a broadcast.

We, too, are noticing it to our regret.

But sorry, the Secretary of State for India was not referring to India.

* * * *

Hitler like Napoleon will be broken, says Mr. Amery, although "Hitler may stand to-day where Napoleon stood after Jena and Austerlitz."

Quite so. But we wish Mr. Amery had said something about his standing where Zetland stood.

* * * *

According to Jawaharlal the British Government's vision is blurred.

And it is not due to the war-time black-out either.

* * * *

"I am glad," says Jawaharlal "that the stalemate has ended and our minds clarified."

Another subject for Mr. M. A. Jinnah to quarrel about.

* * * *

The gist of resolution passed by the Muslim League Working Committee is that the Committee was not consulted in advance, that the Committee did not yet know this, that the Committee did not yet know that and that the Committeee did not know the other.

Then what on earth had the Qaid-e-Azam been discussing with the Viceroy?

* * * *

By another resolution, the Working Committee has lifted the ban on Muslim Leaguers joining War Committees.

The two together vindicate the Qaid-e-Azam's reputation for plain saying and clear thinking.

* * * *

Bombay Support To Pakistan Scheme, says a headline.

Fifth-columnism?

* * * *

The Junior Colleague's Latest Howler

France, for the time being, has been well and truly hoist with her own Petain.

* * * *

French official circles in Shanghai admit that there are "considerable differences of opinion" in French Indo-China over the Petain Regime.

They need not worry, however. Japan will protect the honour of France in Indo-China against possible rebels.

* * * *

An enraged crowd of Rumanians is reported to have broken into the German Consulate and smashed a picture of Herr Hitler.

We welcome this *Lese Majeste.* Things ought to move now. Amen!

* * * *

"Yes, ever since she refused to marry him he's been drinking heavily."

"You don't say! I should have thought he'd have stopped celebrating by now."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Hope is an excellent thing to have, but it is one of the things a pawnbroker will not advance anything on.

If a man never has anyone to tell him what he would do if he were in his place, that man is friendless.

The woman who is continually lecturing her husband either considers him a fool or else she has forgotten that a word to the wise is sufficient.

The man who knows nothing and wants to find out everything is almost as big a bore as the man who thinks he knows everything and insists upon telling it.

The man who waits to make sure that he is right before going ahead often finds himself distanced by a less conservative individual who was willing to take chances.

MUSLIM LEAGUE LIFTS BAN ON WAR COMMITTEES

Resolution On Volunteer Ban: Muslim National Guards To Be Strengthened

(Continued from page 1.)

function and powers of the War Advisory Committee that is proposed to be set up.

The resolution further authorised the President, Mr M. A. Jinnah, to obtain clarification from the Viceroy on all these points.

The Committee also adopted resolution which states that the pronouncements of the Viceroy and the Secretary of State constitute "a considerable progressive advance towards the approach of the point of view and the position taken up by the Committee of the All-India Muslim League on behalf of the Muslims of India regarding the problem of the future constitution of India."

TOWARDS COMPROMISE.

These two resolutions would appear to represent a compromise between the group which was insistent that the Viceroy's offer should be immediately accepted and the group which held that it would be advantageous to wait and negotiate for more favourable terms. While the first resolution admits that the demands of the Muslims have been practically met, the second one requires the obtaining of further clarification before actually taking up the responsibility of joining the Executive Council with a view to intensify the war effort.

Ban Removed

Another resolution adopted by the Committee permitting such Muslims who thought they could serve any useful purpose by merely Associating themselves with the War Committees to do so, appears to be a triumph for the section led by Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan who was insisting on the removal of this ban.

PARTITION PLAN.

By another resolution the Working Committee placed on record that some of the observations made by the Secretary of State with regard to the theory of national life which did not exist and which was historically inaccurate and reiterated their view that the Muslims of India are a nation by themselves and that the partition of India was the only solution of the most difficult and complex problem of India's future constitution.

DELHI LEAGUE DISSOLVED.

The Delhi Provincial Muslim League was dissolved by another resolution which directed the General Secretary of the League to make arrangements for holding fresh elections to the Provincial League and all its branches.

The Committee adjourned for 15 minutes as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Ashiq Varsi of Gaya, who was at one time a member of the Committee.

AT ALIGARH ON SEPT. 28.

The Committee is meeting again at Aligarh on September 28 and the Council of the Muslim League will also meet there on the same doy.

Press representatives were put to considerable trouble as no adequate arrangements had been made by the Committee to supply copies of the resolutions passed by the Committee.

FULL TEXT OF RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were adopted by the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League:—

(1) "The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League have given their most earnest and careful consideration to the statement issued by His Excellency the Viceroy on August 8, 1940, and the authoritative amplification and clarification of it by Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India on behalf of His Majesty's Government in the course of the India Debate, in the House of Commons, on August 14, 1940, and the Committee consider that these pronouncements constitute a considerable progressive advance towards the approach of the point of view and the position taken up by the Committee on behalf of the Muslims of India, regarding the problem of the future Constitution of India. The Committee also note with satisfaction that His Majesty's Government has on the whole practically met the demand of the Muslim League for a clear assurance to the effect that no future constitution, interim or final, should be adopted by the British Government without their approval or consent."

PARTITION THE ONLY SOLUTION

(2) "The Working Committee place on record that some of the observations made in the statement of His Excellency the Viceroy and also in the speech of the Secretary of State with regard to the theory of unity of national life which does not exist, are historically inaccurate and self-contradictory. Such observations are calculated to raise apprehensions in the minds of Muslims of India, and, therefore, the Committee deem it necessary to reaffirm and make the position clear once more that the Committee stand by the Lahore resolution and the basic principles underlying the terms thereof proposing the division of India and the creation of Independent States in the North West and Eastern Zones of India where Muslims are in a majority, and the Committee declare their determination, firm resolve and faith that the partition of India is the only solution of the most difficult and complex problem of India's future constitution, and are glad to state that the vital importance and true aspect of this question are being fully realised by the British Parliament, and that His Majesty's Government are now fully appraised and seized of the realities of the situation. The League again makes its position clear that the Muslims of India are a nation by themselves and will exercise their right to self-determination and that they alone are the final judges and arbiters of their own future destiny."

PARTNERS!

(3) The Working Committee appreciate that His Majesty's Government have conceded the principle urged upon them by the Muslim League that in order to secure genuine and full support of Muslim India and such other parties as are and have been ready and willing to undertake the responsibility and are prepared to make every contribution to the intensification of the war efforts and for the Defence of India with a view to meet any external danger or aggression and to maintain internal security and peace they should forthwith associate the representatives of the Muslim League with authority and power as partners in the Central and Provincial Governments and establish a War Council which will include the Indian Princes and thus secure their co-operation also.

"MOST UNSATISFACTORY"

The Committee therefore are glad that His Majesty's Government provisionally and during the prosecution of the war have decided upon the expansion of the Executive Council of the Governor-General and the establishment of a War Advisory Council on an All-India basis, although they regret that His Majesty's Government have declared that they at this stage do not contemplate non-official advisers in the provinces which are at present administered by the Governors under section 93 of the Government of India Act. The Committee, however, find that the specific offer now made as embodied in the letter of the Viceroy dated August 14, purporting to give effect and implement that principle of co-operation with authority in Government as partners is most unsatisfactory and does not meet the requirements nor the spirit indicated in the resolution of this committee of June 16 which was communicated by the President to the Viceroy by his letter of that date nor does it meet the memorandum that was submitted to His Excellency by the President on July 1. In these circumstances the Committee find it very difficult to deal with this offer for the following reasons:—

FURTHER CLARIFICATION DEMANDED

(1) Neither the President nor the Committee were consulted as to the number of the proposed increase of additional members of Executive Council of the Governor-General.

(2) The Committee are not yet aware of the manner in which the entire Executive Council will be reconstituted.

(3) The Committee have no information as to which are other parties with whom the Muslim League will be called upon to work.

(4) The committee understand the President has not been informed as to what portfolios will be assigned to everyone of these additional members. The Committee are merely asked without any further knowledge or information, except that the total number of members of the expanded executive council will be in the neighbourhood of eleven. to stand a panel of four out of which two will be selected for appointment as members of the Governor-General's Executive Council.

(5) The Committee have considered the system of panel suggested and they are of the opinion that it is open to many objections, is not desirable and does not commend itself to them.

(6) As regards the proposed War Advisory Council the Committee do not know its constitution, composition and functions beyond the information that it will probably consist of about 20 members and the Committee are asked to submit a panel out of which four will be nominated by the Viceroy. In these circumstances the Committee consider the offer unsatisfactory and request the Viceroy to reconsider the matter and hereby authorise the President to seek further information and clarification"

NOT A RESOLUTION OF NON-CO-OPERATION

(4) The resolution of the Working Committee passed at Bombay on June 16, 1940 requesting the Muslims generally and in particular members of the Muslim League not to serve on War Committees and to await further instructions from the President, pending the negotiations with the Viceroy was not a resolution of non-co-operation as has been wrongly represented by the enemies of the Muslim League but was intended to urge upon Government a line of action and policy which they should adopt to secure more effective co-operation in the prosecution of the war. There were two vital points raised for which the Committee have been pressing the Government, namely that no constitution either *interim* or final would be adopted by His Majesty's Government without the approval and consent of Muslim India and that in order to secure genuine and whole-hearted support of Muslims, it was imperative that within the framework of the present constitution Muslim India leadership should be associated as a partner in the realm of the Central and Provincial Governments forthwith.

FOR SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTION OF WAR

As a result of the negotiations the Working Committee are glad to state that the first point has now been practically met by the statement of the Viceroy of August 8, 1940, and the amplification and clarification of that statement by Mr. Amery, the Secretary of State for India in the course of his speech on August 14 and the Committee note with satisfaction that the Government have accepted the principle of the second point that was urged upon them namely, co-operation with authority and power in Governments in order to prosecute the War Committees, free to do so.

In these circumstances the Working Committee leave those Muslims who think that they can serve any useful purpose by merely associating themselves with the war committees, free to do so.

FOR EQUAL PARTNERSHIP

The Committee are of opinion that the Government should in fact and not merely in principle take without delay the Muslim Leadership into their complete confidence and associate them as equal partners in charge of the reins of government in the centre and provinces in order to secure a genuine and wholehearted co-operation of Muslim India in the prosecution of the war successfully.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION

5. The Working Committee hereby appoints a committee consisting of Nawab Mohamed Ismail Khan and Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan, General Secretary of the Muslim League to examine the case of those members of the Council of the All-India Muslim League who have acted in contravention of the resolution of the Working Committee of June 16, 1940 regarding war committees and empower the committee to take such disciplinary action against such members as it may consider appropriate."

NATIONAL MUSLIM GUARD

6. The Working Committee have carefully considered the notification of the Government of India of August 1, 1940, together with the explanatory communique issued by the Government of India on August 24 with regard to the volunteer organisations. The Muslim National Guard Corps were started over two years ago and the aims and objects of the organisation are defined in resolution 4 of the Working Committee passed on June 17, 1940, which says that the organisation is intended "to train and discipline Muslims in co-ordinate activities for social and physical uplift of the Muslims and to maintain peace tranquility and order in the country."

Recently instruction were given to the Provincial Muslim Leagues to strengthen the National Muslim Guard corps and to give them such training as would enable them to discharge their duties of maintaining peace, tranquillity and order in the country worthy of the best traditions of Islam and to assist at and control the meetings of the Muslim League and generally for the purpose of social service and uplift.

WITHIN LIMITS OF LAW

The Committee is therefore of opinion that the ban imposed by Government is not intended to prohibit or restrict such legitimate activity. In these circumstances the Committee direct the various Provincial Leagues to exert every nerve to start, organise and strengthen the Muslim National Guards and the Committee trust that their activities will be carried on within the limits of the law."

GERMANS BOMB IRISH SHIP

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Three German bombers attacked the sailing vessel, "Lochryan", of 200 tons registered in Eire and owned by an Irishman.

The vessel succeeded in reaching port after her decks and masts had been blasted away by high explosives and machine-gun fire.

Before dropping bombs, each plane circled the boat and raked it with machine-guns. Each dropped two bombs but four fell into the sea. One bomb exploded after going through the main hatch.—Reuter.

SEEMED WORLD WAS COMING TO END

Spanish Paperman's Impressions Of Friday Night Raid On Berlin

MADRID, September 2.

The Berlin correspondent of the newspaper "Ya", commenting on the R. A. F. raid on Berlin on Friday night, said it seemed as if the world were coming to an end.

The R. A. F. bombed the city from north east and west. The bombers showed "some skill" in attacks on Siemensstadt where carpentry and cable shops were set afire. Work, however, continued to function normally, he adds.

He also says a hospital was set afire at Siemensstadt and, in Mathieu Strasse a block of twenty buildings was gutted. Bombing was the worst Berlin had yet suffered.—Reuter.

Fuehrer's Portrait Smashed; Windows Of Italian And Nazi Consulates Broken

(Continued from page 1)

whole city was being patrolled by the Gendarmerie.

Demonstrations against the cession of Transylvanian territory continue.

Ten thousand Transylvanian Rumanians gathered in the public square of Brasov and solemnly swore on their knees they would not yield an inch of ground to Hungary.

Shortly afterwards Herr Neubacher, Chief of the German Economic Delegation and another official were surrounded by a hostile crowd which tore off the Swastika Flag before a way was cleared by the police for their car.

HITLER'S PORTRAIT SMASHED

The office of the German Tourist Association was wrecked and the German consulate entered when a picture of Hitler was smashed.

These protests are causing great anxiety in political circles in Bucharest where it is feared that Germany may use the incidents as an excuse for occupation of Transylvania and even Rumania itself.

WINDOWS OF AXIS POWERS' CONSULATES BROKEN

ORADEA MARE (Transylvania): Evacuation by the Rumanian army of the territory ceded to Hungary by the Vienna Award began yesterday while at the same time lorries removing the administrative archives filled the streets.

The Hungarian delegation to the Mixed Commission arrived last evening during a demonstration by several thousand people against the terms of the Axis Award.

Other demonstrations have occurred at Temisvar, the second city of Rumania, where crowds assembled before the German consulate.

It is how revealed that there was a demonstration by thirty thousand peasants at Cluj, the administrative capital of Transylvania, on Friday night. Windows of the German and Italian consulates were broken, the peasants unsuccessfully attempting to wreck the Italian building.—Reuter.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH BULGARIA TO END?

SOFIA, September 2.

Unless the Rumanians accept the final Bulgarian proposals regarding the future of Southern Dobruja during the next day or two, there is likely to be a breakdown in the negotiations.

There has been some uneasiness following reports of Rumanians delaying decision.

Yesterday King Boris received the Foreign Minister M. Popoff, and there was a special conference of ministers as a result of which, it is expected, the final stages of the negotiations are being speeded up.

The Bulgarian delegates are now waiting at the frontier town of Vidin for the last sessions.—Reuter.

Turkey And Balkan Situation

ISTANBUL, Sept. 2.

Completion of the first year of the war finds Turkey unshaken in her confidence of ultimate British success.

Turkey is, however, focusing her attention on three aspects of the European developments, namely, Anglo-German air war, Balkan developments and her own relations with Russia.

Russia And Balkans

The Balkan settlement is seen as indicating Germany's need for increase of her supplies from the Danube countries, but it is felt that considerable mystery attaches to Russia's attitude.

Logically Russia should be dismayed at the prospect of Rumania coming under German influence, as it would enable Germany to penetrate to the shores of the Black Sea.

Moreover, a Germanised Rumania would cut off Bulgaria and Yugoslavia from the Soviet influence at a time when Soviet propaganda has been making considerable headway there.

Hence it is asked why did Russia renew threats to Rumania thereby aiding Germans in forcing Rumania to come to terms? Was it bad diplomacy or was it motivated by more subtle considerations?

Anyway Turkey's relations with Russia appear for the time being more satisfactory than hitherto. —Reuter.

Pandemonium At Delhi Meeting

Anti-Fascist Day Celebration Sequel: Rightists Withdraw

DELHI, Sept. 2.

Rightists and Radicals clashed at a public meeting held in the Town Hall on the occasion of the Anti-Fascist Day which was celebrated here under the auspices of the All-India League of Radical Congressmen. Principal A. D. Bannerjee presided.

The trouble arose over the constant interruption of the speakers by a section of the audience. There was excitement when Mr. M. N. Roy was interrupted and he reprimanded the interruptor. This led to a pandemonium and angry exchanges and the chair had to dissolve the meeting. The rightists then withdrew from the meeting. Mr. K. K. Sinha was later elected President and Mr. Roy continued his speech uninterrupted.—A. P.

NAZI RAIDERS BEATEN BACK

(Continued from page 1

ed that four enemy planes crashed. In the meantime British fighters again broke enemy formations over a Thames Estuary town. No bombs fell, but machine-gun fire was heard high above the clouds.

NAZI FORMATION BROKEN.

According to another report, Germans crossed the coast in four waves, about sixty in each. They kept to a very restricted course owing to fierce anti-aircraft fire. When a few miles inland British fighters took a hand in the game and broke the raiders' formation. The result was that the Germans were soon flying helter-skelter homeward.—Reuter.

INCENDIARY BOMBS CAUSE FIRES

A 'communique' issued by the Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security on the night raids states: "During last night enemy air activity over this country, although widespread, was on a comparatively small scale. Attacks were mainly directed against the Bristol Channel and South Wales. A number of fires were caused by high explosive incendiary bombs and considerable damage was done to houses and business premises. A number of casualties were caused some of which were fatal.

"This morning German raiders attempted to break through the Thames Estuary defences but anti-aircraft gunfire turned them from their course. One plane was seen falling, smoke pouring from it and another was obviously badly hit. British fighters attacked and there was a dogfight lasting fifteen minutes."

The "communique" states that early this morning enemy aircraft were engaged by R.A.F. fighters and anti-aircraft guns near the Thames Estuary. Bombs were dropped at several points in the course of these engagements.

About midday further attacks were made on the same area. In one town a garage was hit and set on fire and in another town several houses were seriously damaged.

Reports indicate that casualties have been slight, but they include several fatal injuries in one town.

Twentyfive enemy aircraft are reported to have been destroyed today. Four of them by anti-aircraft fire. Seven of our fighters were lost, but four pilots are known to be safe."

The second air-raid warning in London area lasted 86 minutes.

CALCUTTA STRIKE CONTINUES

65 Scavengers Convicted For Assault

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

Sixty-five scavengers of the Calcutta Corporation were produced before a Magistrate at Alipore to-day for assaulting loyal workers at various places in South Calcutta. Some were fined Rs. 5 or awarded five days' rigorous imprisonment each, while most of them were sentenced to five days' rigorous imprisonment each.

The strike of the scavengers continues. Though a majority of the strikers have resumed work, some are still holding out.

Meanwhile, the authorities of the Corporation are engaging new recruits and with their help as also of the loyal workers the streets are clean.—United Press.

The average Ryot and his family, the agriculturist, tends the green wealth of India and also applies the ranks of labour to extract her minerals. With greater production will come better living standards to INDIA as a whole. Electric Energy where available is watering the Ryots fields and milling the grains, thereby freeing man power for higher education, industry and commerce all of which add to INDIA'S wealth.

Millions of miles of Electric Cables and copper conductors are produced at our Tatanagar factory and have formed an important part in Electric development.

They are dependable and large quantities are still available from the most dependable source in INDIA.

The INDIAN CABLE COMPANY LIMITED
CALCUTTA · KARACHI
MADRAS · ERNAKULAM
Agents
GILLANDERS ARBUTHNOT & Co.
BOMBAY · DELHI · LAHORE · RANGOON

CHEST-WEAK PEOPLE IN PERIL!

Have YOU A COUGH?

All who are coughing are in peril! Especially so are those who know that they are "weak on the chest."

INSTANT RELIEF IMPERATIVE

You must stop that cough like lightning: You can do so by taking VENO'S *Lightning* COUGH CURE! This famous old remedy stops coughing instantly, soothes away the soreness, frees the breathing passages, strengthens the chest and *arrests the development of dangerous germs.* Get a bottle NOW!

Watch for the BLUE SEAL on Every Package. *Obtainable From All Chemists and Stores.*

Do You COUGH? Does Your CHEST WHEEZE? Have You BRONCHITIS or ASTHMA Your CHEST or THROAT Blocked With PHLEGM? Is Your THROAT SORE? Take VENO'S *Lightning* COUGH CURE instantly!

VENO'S LIGHTNING COUGH CURE

E 360-40

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

Dr. Jehangir, Kharshedji Daji brother of Dinsha Kharshedji Daji, Solicitor. Funeral at Doongerwadi Bhabha's Bungli, at 3-30 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
OCTOBER 1940

New York, Sept 2

Previous closing 9.29
To-day's opening ..... closed

BROACH EXPECTATION
Broach April/May ..... Rs. 190

LIVERPOOL COTTON
OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool, Sept 2

Previous closing 7.68
To-day's opening 7.75
Difference ..... +07
To-day's closing 7.76
Difference ..... +08

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Sept 2

The New York cotton market remained closed to-day.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—
October (9.28/27) closed
December (9.25/22) closed
March (9.08/07) closed

LONDON COMMODITIES
SEEDS

London, Sept 2

Castorseed September October (£17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta September October (£16 5/8) £16 3/8
Linseed La Plata September (unquoted) £11 1/2
Groundnuts Coromandal September October (£15 5/8) £15

JUTES

Dundee September (£31) £29 1/2
Lightning September (£28 1/4) £27 1/2

RUBBER

Spot (12 1/4d paid and value) 12 1/4d. value
Forward January March (12 1/4d buyers) 11 15/16d paid and sellers

METALS.

Tin (£257 1/2 buyers £258 sellers. Barely steady after being easier) £257 1/4 buyers; £257 1/2 sellers. Barely steady.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, Sept 2

There was no trading during the night session.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept 2

Previous closing 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... closed

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 2

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Sept 2

T. T. London on Paris not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE
London, Sept 2

The following cable was received from London :—
Market quietly steady. Business small.

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 2

Spot (23 3/8d) 23 7/16 +1/16
Forward (23 1/8d) 23 3/16 + 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 2

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Sept 2

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1/6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 7/16 to 0-3 13/16) 0-3 7/16 to 0-3 13/16
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN
London, Sept 2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2 ex div.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Sept 2

The London Stock Exchange was generally steady.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept 2

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96 1/4) £96 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107½) £107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109½) £109 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104 1/4) £104 1/4
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1964/58 (£100¼) £100 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 1/4) £73 3/4 Ex Div.
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 3/8) £100 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 5/8) £98 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 5/8) £112 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/4) £101 1/4
New War Loan (£100 3/4) £100 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 3/4) £109 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-6) 11-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (34-4 1/2) 34-6
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (6-6) 6-6
Princhin Johnson (17-9) 17-9
Imperial Chemicals (25-4 1/2) 25-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (56-6) 56-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£36 1/2) £36 1/2
Dundee Rubber (28-6) 28 6
Unilever Ordinary (19-6) 19-6
Ford Motors (15-6) 15-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£47 1/4) £47
British American Tobacco Ordinary (76-10 1/2) 76-3 Ex Div.
Carreas 'A' (£4) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (91-3) 91-3
P and O Def (19-1 1/2) 19-1 1/2
Distillers (55-9) 55-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-4 1/2
British Celanese (3-9) 3-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (28-9) 28-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (27-7 1/2) 27-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (40-0) 40-0

TEA SHARES

Assam (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Donaro Tea (26-10 1/2) 26-10 1/2
Empire of India (18) 18-0

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (13-9) 14-9
Gula Kelampong (14-0) 14-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24 9) 24-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (25) 25-0
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
East Rand Properties (35-7 1/2) 36-3
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 1/2) £12 5/8
Associated Portland Cement (48-9) 48-9
Trinidad Leasehold (68-9) 68-1 1/2
Sub Nigel (£7 3/4) £7 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 3/4) £5 3/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Anglo India (25-7/4 1/2) 26-3
Burma Oil (41-10 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-10 1/2) 4-9
Shell Transport (32-6) 33-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27 3/4) £27 1/2
London Midland Ordinary (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 1/2
London Southern Def (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£28 1/2) £28

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE ACTIVE

CALCUTTA, Sept 2

Active and steady market was seen in the Stock Exchange to-day after the week-end and a good deal of business was reported in all counters at appreciably better prices. Teas, miscellaneous industrials received good buying support. Government securities kept fairly steady and good Jute preferences were in particular request.

The following were the closing quotations:
Government securities: 2 3/4 per cent loan 1948/52 95/8 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 90/3; 3 per cent new loan 1963/65 90 small lot; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 109/12 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/8; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 100 small lot.
Banks: Imperial fully paid 1472/8; conty 364; Reserve Bank 100/8.
Railways: Arrah Sasaram Rly 50;
Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 1/10; New Victoria ord 1/2;
Coals: Bansra 3/3; Bengal 319; Burra Dhemo 3/15; Dhemo Main 13/6 c div; Ghusick and Muslia 3/10; Hurriladih 12/5 c div; Jainty Central 1/13; Katras Jherriah 22/4; North Damuda 4/14; Satpukuria and Asansol annas 14; Singaran (B) annas 14; Samla 1/7; Talcher 1/8; West Jamuria 25/4 c div.
Jutes: Auckland pref 125; Budge Budge pref 152; New Central pref 149; Reliance pref 154; Waverley 1/8.
Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5/1; Consolidated Tin 2/14; Indian Copper 2; Dalmia Cement ord 7/4 small odd lot; Bengal Telephone ord 15/12; Burn and Co ord 328 small lots; Hukumchand Elec Steel ord 7/14; defd 1/15; Indian Iron and Steel 27; Steel Corpn ord 15/9; Pref 104/8; Assam Match 13/2; B I Corpn ord 1/2; Pref 166; British Ceylon Corpn ord 5/4; Dunlop Rubber ord 30/6; Second Pref 107/8; Indian Cables 10/8; Indian Rubber Manfg 24 ct odd lot; Indian Wood Products 25/4; Indo Burma Petroleum (Pref) 120; Tide Water Oil 12/12; Bengal Paper ord 117; Mysore Paper 11/8; Orient Paper ord 7/2; Star Paper pref 90 ct: Titaghur Paper ord 15/8 small lot; Second pref 111; Midnapore zemindary 69; Indian General Navigation ord 71/4; Buland 12/4; Raza 12/10;
Tea Shares: Borpukhuri 7/12; Grob (A) 10/8; New Dooars pref 166; Ranicherra 10/2; Tumsong (pref) 104.
Debentures: 5 1/2 per cent 1939/47 Dalmia Cement debs 93.—A. P.

THE WEATHER

Local Rain Likely In Konkan

POONA, Sept. 2

The monsoon has been active in Assam and North Bengal. Rainfall has been fairly widespread in Konkan and local in Bay Islands, Orissa and Bihar. A few falls are also reported from South Bengal, Punjab Hills, Bombay Deccan and North Madras coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Bogra, Khandala and Mahableshwar two inches each; Port Blair, Dhubri, Jalpaiguri and Cuttack 1 1/2; Gauhati, Chandbali and Calingapatam 1; Ratnagiri 3/4; Dalhousie, half.

Forecast until the evening of September 3: The monsoon will be active in Assam and North Bengal. Local rain is likely in Konkan and South Bengal while a few falls may occur in Orissa, Bihar, East United Provinces, Punjab Hills, Central parts of the country, Bombay Deccan, Malabar, Southeast Madras and North Madras coast.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 2nd Sept. 1940 :—
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.008 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.1 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 87.0 deg. (1.9 above normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 75.0 deg. (0.6 below normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 82 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W.S.W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 13 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 240 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 27 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 4.
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.34 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 0.35 inches
Total rainfall during the year 81.02 inches.
Weather remarks: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING 2/9/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.4 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.97 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.76 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Sept 2

Business in the local stock exchange was fairly active and Government securities remained firm. A limited business was reported in textile and planting shares while sugar shares were in demand. Amongst miscellaneous shares Indian Irons and Steel Corporations improved slightly.

Transactions reported from 12 noon 31st ultimo to 12 noon 2nd instant:
Cambodia Mills ord 9/2; Thamaspally Estates Ltd 5/13; Highland Produce 24/4; Fringford Estates ord 6/4; Deccan Sugar and Abkhari Co 1/8/8; Travancore Sugars and Chemicals 13; Nellore Power and Light Corpn pref 11; Vanguard Insurance ord 5/2 xd (s l); Singareni Collieries ord 9/4.

POLITICALS GIVE UP HUNGER-STRIKE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2

The 12 political prisoners in the Hooghly Jail, who had gone on hungerstrike on August 28, gave up fasting today.

All these prisoners were convicted in connection with the Holwell Monument agitation last month.

The main demand of the hungerstrikers was for a higher classification, namely, from division three to division two, which, however, has not been conceded.—A. P.

Volunteer Ban Issue In Meerut

MEERUT, Sept. 1.

The District Magistrate has written to the Secretary, District Congress Committee, Meerut, drawing attention of the District Congress organisation to the Government's ban regarding volunteer bodies.—A. P.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE ACTIVE

CALCUTTA, Sept 2

Active and steady market was seen in the Stock Exchange to-day after the week-end and a good deal of business was reported in all counters at appreciably better prices. Teas, miscellaneous industrials received good buying support. Government securities kept fairly steady and good Jute preferences were in particular request.

The following were the closing quotations:
Government securities: 2 3/4 per cent loan 1948/52 95/8 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 90/3; 3 per cent new loan 1963/65 90 small lot; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 109/12 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/8; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 100 small lot.
Banks: Imperial fully paid 1472/8; conty 364; Reserve Bank 100/8.
Railways: Arrah Sasaram Rly 50;
Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 1/10; New Victoria ord 1/2;
Coals: Bansra 3/3; Bengal 319; Burra Dhemo 3/15; Dhemo Main 13/6 c div; Ghusick and Muslia 3/10; Hurriladih 12/5 c div; Jainty Central 1/13; Katras Jherriah 22/4; North Damuda 4/14; Satpukuria and Asansol annas 14; Singaran (B) annas 14; Samla 1/7; Talcher 1/8; West Jamuria 25/4 c div.
Jutes: Auckland pref 125; Budge Budge pref 152; New Central pref 149; Reliance pref 154; Waverley 1/8.
Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5/1; Consolidated Tin 2/14; Indian Copper 2; Dalmia Cement ord 7/4 small odd lot; Bengal Telephone ord 15/12; Burn and Co ord 328 small lots; Hukumchand Elec Steel ord 7/14; defd 1/15; Indian Iron and Steel 27; Steel Corpn ord 15/9; Pref 104/8; Assam Match 13/2; B I Corpn ord 1/2; Pref 166; British Ceylon Corpn ord 5/4; Dunlop Rubber ord 30/6; Second Pref 107/8; Indian Cables 10/8; Indian Rubber Manfg 24 ct odd lot; Indian Wood Products 25/4; Indo Burma Petroleum (Pref) 120; Tide Water Oil 12/12; Bengal Paper ord 117; Mysore Paper 11/8; Orient Paper ord 7/2; Star Paper pref 90 ct: Titaghur Paper ord 15/8 small lot; Second pref 111; Midnapore zemindary 69; Indian General Navigation ord 71/4; Buland 12/4; Raza 12/10;
Tea Shares: Borpukhuri 7/12; Grob (A) 10/8; New Dooars pref 166; Ranicherra 10/2; Tumsong (pref) 104.
Debentures: 5 1/2 per cent 1939/47 Dalmia Cement debs 93.—A. P.

New Office-Bearers Elected

(Continued from page 4)

Congress Committee last evening when nearly eighty members were present. Mr. K. T. Kunhiraman Nambiyar (Leftist) was elected President by 43 votes against 32 secured by Mr. Molden Kutty (Rightist). Mr. K. Damodaran was elected Secretary and Mrs. S. Radhakrishnan and Mr. K. P. K. Gopalan as members of the Working Committee.—A. P.

Nasik Supports Wardha Resolution

NASIK, September 1

At a public meeting held yesterday under the auspices of the City Congress Committee in Nehru Chauk, Mr. Madhaorao Jonarkar, President of the City Congress Committee, presiding resolution supporting the Wardha resolution of the Working Committee as endorsed by the Poona Session of the A.I.C.C. was passed unanimously—United Press.

Demand For Indian Steel

SIMLA, Sept. 2

His Majesty's Government, it is learned have been informed that India can meet present steel demands from Middle East, Iraq, Kenya and Uganda.

After meeting all demands in sight, a balance of untested light steel products of 10,000 tons per month will be available for the United Kingdom and a further 10,000 tons of scrap per month for the next twelve months.

Arrangements have been completed for the supply of 300,000 tons of pig and foundry iron to the United Kingdom at the rate of 50,000 tons a month.—A. P.

Rovers' Cup Tournament

Welch Win By Three Clear Goals

TO MEET MOHAMEDAN SPORTING IN SEMI-FINAL

The Welch Regiment, the Bombay's League Champions and "hope" in the Rovers' Cup, defeated the Sandemanians by three clear goals on Monday. They are now to meet the Mohamedan Sporting in the penultimate round.

Play was mediocre throughout, excepting for a few combined raids of the Welch forwards. Sandemanians fought hard to stay the military onslaughts, and managed to hold their own till late in the first half. But their tackling was a bit too 'vigorous' and more often than not, the referee had to hold up the game for "foul". The soldiers too, freely indulged in these tactics.

The Welch forwards showed remarkable understanding, and the Sandemanian defence had an anxious time. Ismail, at goal, made some brilliant saves and two of the three goals scored against, were impossible ones. Rahman, the right back was the mainstay of the Sandemanian defence, and was on the run always, since he got little assistance from his colleague, Fakhru, the right half, foiled many Welch attacks, but his tackling was not clean and was repeatedly penalised. The Sandemanian attack seemed to fade as they reached nearer their objective. Bad finishing was their curse, Taj, the centre-forward, being the worst sinner. Hassan, the right out, was outstanding in the Sandemanian forward line. He was speedy and some of his centres were brilliant.

The Welch defence was not extended by the Sandemanian attacks. The half-backs defended efficiently and initialed some good openings for their forwards. Richards and Hill proved great opportunists, and they were ably assisted by Langton and Moore. Neasey was a good leader and unselfishness was his great virtue.

THE GAME

From the kick-off the soldiers took the ball into the opponents' area, Rahman stopped Langton conceding a corner. A short spell of midfield play followed. Fakhru, the Sandomanian right half was penalised for dangerous tackling.

A good combined movement between Hill and Langton was disturbed by Rahman at the expense of a corner. Play was again transferred to midfield. Both sides resorted to rugged soccer and the referee had a busy time, being repeatedly called into hold up the game.

In the 26th minute, Langton on being tackled in midfield by Rahman, pushed the ball ahead; Ismail, the Sandomanian goalie and Neasey, the Welch centre-forward, dashed for the ball. Neasey got to it first and kicked sideways for Richards, to drive the ball into an empty net, opening the Welch score.

WELCH SCORE TWO MORE

Resuming, Hassan, the Sandemanian Rightout, travelled fast down the line and centred beautifully. But Taj hesitated and a golden opportunity was lost. On the other side, a determined movement of Langton and Hill resulted in the latter missing the objective by inches. A high shot from Fakhru put the Sandemanian forwards on the run, and some clever work by the inner men made Taj master of the situation. He had only to push the ball into the open net. He funked and James cleared conceding a corner.

This lapse on the part of the centre-forward, seemed to have a demoralising effect on the Sandemanians. The Welch attacks became more frequent and they took matters easily. In the 14th minute, Hill moved on to the left wing with the ball and from a few yards from the opponents' goal area, centred to Richards to head in.

A few minutes later, Moore ran down the right wing and centred well. Rahman ran up and headed it away. Hill, standing just out of the penalty area, took charge of the ball and shot for the top of the net. This was in the 20th minute.

During the close, the Welch again and again bombarded the opponents' area, and a smart header from Hill nearly found the net, but Ismail made a flying save giving a corner. Full time was announced soon after, the Welch winning the match by three clear goals.

The Teams were:—

WELCH REGIMENT:—Rose; James and Brady; Bailey, Evans and Thomas; Moore, Richards, Neasey, Hill and Langton.

SANDEMANIANS:—Ismail, Rahman and Jagan; Fakhru, Sheikh and Latif; Hassan, Bux, Taj, Matin and Asghar.

TO-DAY'S MATCH

Cooperage 5-45 p.m.:—Mohun Bagan vs. Y. M. C. A.

Talyarkhan's Commentary On Rovers' Cup Tournament

Mr. A. F. S. Talyarkhan will give a running commentary on the semi-finals and Final of the Rovers Cup Football Tournament, which will be played out at the Cooperage on the 4th, 5th and 7th instant starting each day at 5-20 p.m. The commentary will be broadcast on 61.48 metres only.

Under Defence Of India Act

Students' Conference Organisers Jailed

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

On a charge of convening the Faridpur District Workers' Conferenct at which they delivered prejudicial speeches, Samarendra Bhatacharyya, Secretary, Bagala Prasanna Guha, Office Secretary, Abdul Rashid, Anukul Chandra Chatterjee and Ranjit Roy, members of the Faridpur District Students Association, have been sentenced by Mr. Abdus Sobhan, Sadar Sub-Divisional Officer at Faridpur, to six months' rigorous imprisonment each under the Defence of India Rules. The accused were also sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 each, in default to undergo six months rigorous imprisonment more.

The same Magistrate sentenced Nripendranath Roy, former Secretary of the Faridpur District Students' Federation, to one year rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25, in default three months' rigorous imprisonment more, under the Defence of India Rules on a charge of delivering a prejudicial speech at the students' convention held at Mahishar in Madaripur Sub-Division.

Mr. Kaliprasanna Das, Secretary of the Sylhet Scavengers' Union and Editor of the 'Balaka', a monthly journal, has been sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment on a charge of delivering an objectionable speech.—A. P.

Lucknow Protests Against Seva Dal Officers' Arrests

LUCKNOW, September 1

A public meeting of the citizens of Lucknow was held in Saadatganj Bazaar, under the auspices of the Saadatganj Ward Congress Committee, to protest against the arrests of Mr. S. K. D. Paliwal and other officers of the Congress Seva Dal.

The meeting also adopted a resolution welcoming the Congress Working Committee's resolution and assuring them of full support in whatever action the Congress might take to achieve the freedom of the country.

Among those who addressed the meeting were: Mr. Mohan Lal Saksena, M.L.A. (Central) and Mr. C. B. Gupta, M.L.A., U. P.—A. P.

Calcutta's "Prohibited Place"

CALCUTTA, August 31

The premises in which the offices of the Department of Supplies Government of India (Munitions Production Branch) are situated, has been declared as a "prohibited place" under the Defence of India Rules, in order to prevent entry of unauthorised persons therein.—A. P.

Urdu-Hindi Tracts Proscribed

LAHORE, August 31

The Punjab Government have under the Defence of India Rules, proscribed issues 1 and 3 of "Viplovi Tract" in Urdu and Hindi respectively, for June 1940, printed by Yashpal at the Islami Barqi Press, Aminabad, Lucknow and the Kanyakunj Press, Limited Lucknow, respectively.—United Press.

ASHOKS

SALE NOW ON
GENUINE BARGAINS OFFERED

ASHOK & KORA LTD. OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER BOMBAY

NOW you can give Lux care to all your dainty things as often as you like—for the new LARGER packet of Lux gives more for your money. Lux gives the gentlest cleansing to all silks and woollens that are colour fast. Lux lathers abundantly in cold water. Gentle squeezing of your dainty things through luxuriant Lux suds eases out dirt and leaves your things safely cleansed and fresh. If your dainty things are safe in cold water they're safe in Lux!

YOU GET MORE FOR YOUR MONEY WHEN YOU BUY THE NEW LARGE LUX

The small and medium sized packets of Lux too, are full value for money!

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED LX. 7:172

For Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

Elasto The Wonder Tablet REGISTERED

Regenerates the Blood and Tissue Cells!

ELASTO dissolves *instantly* on the tongue and is absorbed directly into the blood. This new Biochemic remedy cures Leg Troubles, Rheumatism, Piles, Phlebitis, Skin Diseases, Heart Trouble, Neuritis, Gout, Hardened Arteries, Blood Disorders, Bad Circulation and Muscular Weakness. The wonderful success of Elasto is due to the fact that it attacks disease where it begins—*in the blood-stream.* Elasto revitalises every organ and tissue of the body. Prices Rs. 2 and 3-12-0 (double quantity) from dealers, or V. P. P. from The Agent, ELASTO, Dept. 6H. P.O. Box 258, Bombay. Write for FREE BOOKLET on the Science of Natural Healing

The CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED
HEAD OFFICE ESPLANADE Rd FORT, BOMBAY.
130, BRANCHES AND PAY-OFFICES THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Authorised Capital ...	Rs.	3,50,00,000
Subscribed Capital ...	Rs.	3,36,26,400
Paid-Up Capital ...	Rs.	1,68,13,200
Reserve & Other Funds ...	Rs.	1,12,37,000
Deposits as at 30-6-40 ...	Rs.	30,44,93,000

DIRECTORS:
Sir H. P. Mody, K.B.E., CHAIRMAN. The Rt. Hon'ble Nawab Sir Akbar Hydari, Kt., P.C., Ardeshir B. Dubash, Esquire, Haridas Madhavdas, Esquire, Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire, Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire, Noormahomed M. Chinoy, Esquire, Bapuji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire, Dharamsey Muiraj Khatau, Esquire, Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Kt.

LONDON AGENTS:—Messrs. Barclay's Bank, Limited and Messrs. Midland Bank, Limited.
NEW YORK AGENTS:—The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.
PARIS AGENTS:—The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Banking Business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.
H. C. CAPTAIN, Manager.

(Established—December, 1911)

MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt Used to Be Good at Throwing the Bull

By BUD FISHER

HEY, STOP! SHOO!
LOOK HERE, SIR! YOU BETTER KEEP THAT BULL TIED OR SOMETHING! EVERY TIME I PASS ON THIS ROAD HE CHASES ME!
AW, 'TAINT SO! MY BULL NEVER CHASES NOBODY 'CEPTIN' HE'S GOT A DURN GOOD REASON!
YOUR CRAZY BULL HAS NO REASON TO CHASE ME! WHEN I PASS BY I NEVER EVEN LOOK AT THE CRITTER!
WELL, THERE YA BE! THE POOR FELLA FEELS SLIGHTED!
?
5-28
Fisher

ON THE AIR

TUESDAY, SEPT. 3.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Yoga on the air. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Niwruti Sarnaik of Kolhapur. 8-30 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 "Third of September" (Gujarati feature). 9-20 Abdulla. 12-30 p.m. Sindhi Kafis. 12-45 Marathi Pads. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Hindustani songs. 1-10 Gujarati music. 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Daily lesson in Eng. and Hind. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. School Broadcasts. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 World History: China: Talk. 4-35 Kannada songs. 4-45 Kannada life and Literature: Short Story: Talk. 5 to 5-15 Sumati Wadkar (Vocal music) Short wave only. 5-15 G. S. Patankar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Abdulla. 5-50 Jaltarang and Violin. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 G. S. Patankar. 6-20 K. L. Saigal. 6-30 Gujarati Children's Hour. 7 The Third of September: Feature in Marathi reviewing a year of war. 7-20 Master A. R. Khan: Preet ke geet. 7-25 Sindhura on Sarod. 7-30 Waman Rao Sadolikar. 7-45 E. R. Ali: Clarionet. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 Sound news 8-45 The Bom. Radio Orchestra on topic of the day. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 Chamber music.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Picked from Pictures. 7-40 S. Biniwale: Violin recital with Tambora and Tabla. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Durgesh. 8-50 Binati by an A I R artist. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Dacca Orchestral Party. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Afaq e Des on Sitar. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Kannada song. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bom. 1. 7-55 Abdulla. 8-10 to 8-25 Sumati Wadkar: Vocal music. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 to 9-20 Thumri and Pad. 9-35 Niwrutti Sarnaik. 10-10 Ao Khoj Lagaen: Skit in Hindustani.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the children. 5-50 For the children (Contd.) 6-5 Anil Das. 6-15 Ashit Mukerjee. 6-30 One Hour of Jazz. 7-30 Leela Devi. 7-45 A Year in Strife and in Union: Talk in Bengali. 8 The Hungry Hyena: Feature programme. 8-30 The Jantri Sangha. 9 Sheila Sarkar. 10 The Eagle's Prey: Radio representation.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. A Sarod recital. 5-10 G. S. Morghode. 5-30 Dhani Ram. 5-45 R. R. Chowdhury. 6-15 Bande Hasan. 6-35 We are at war with Germany: Feature programme in Hindustani. 7-5 Afzal Husain. 7-15 On the Bookshelf: Review of Urdu books 7-30 Hanuman Prasad. 7-45 For Villagers only. 8-30 First Year of the War: Review. 8-45 Munni. 10 Is France Fascist? Talk. 10-15 Munni: Dholak ke geet. 10-30 G. S. Morghode. 10-45 R. R. Chowdhury.

Delhi II—Programme

50.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 7-45 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 7-45 G. S. Morghode. 7-55 Munni. 8-10 Dhani Ram. 8-20 R. R. Chowdhury. 8-30 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Bande Hasan. 9-50 Hanuman Prasad. 10 to 10-30 As in Lahore. 10-30 Music for Dancing.

STEEL-CLAD SECURITY in Office or Home by Godrej

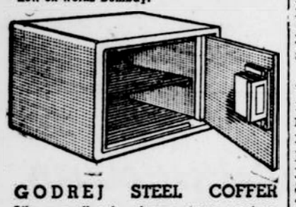
The resources of a national factory with 1200 skilled workers and the most modern machine-tools, which make economical series production possible, offer you value in portable security equipment.

GODREJ STEEL CASH-BOX

(Jointless Construction Patent No. 14727)

Cannot be forced by burglars, because its lid is sunk into the shell and hinged so that neither battering inwards nor levering outwards is possible. An unpickable and individual Godrej Lock secures the Cash Box by its false bottom to desk, cupboard or counter, as well as holding the lid fast closed.

In 4 sizes, the smallest costs only Rs. 25, nett ex-works Bombay.



GODREJ STEEL COFFER

Like a small safe, of very strong construction, the Godrej Coffer is cold-beat out of a single thick steel-plate—made to bolt to cupboard or counter. Its door cannot be forced outwards with a wedge or hammered inwards because its locking-edge is recessed, and its pivot-edge interlocks into the solid steel body. The Godrej unpickable lock is protected by an armour-plate, proof against hammer and drill.

In 2 gauges of steel plate (size 14"x12"x9"): the lighter, weighing 50 lbs. nett, costs only Rs. 45 nett ex-works Bombay.

GODREJ & BOYCE MFG. CO., LTD.

JOINTLESS SAFES • STEEL COFFERS • CASH AND JEWELLERY BOXES • STEEL CABINETS AND ALMIRAHS • STEEL SHELVING • LIBRARY STACKS • BOOKCASES • FILING AND CARD INDEX CABINETS • STEEL AND CHROMIUM FURNITURE FOR HOMES, OFFICES AND HOSPITALS • HAND-FITTED LOCKS.

Pioneers of India's Machine Age

BOMBAY: 51, Churchgate St., & 299, Kalbadevi Road.

AHMEDABAD: Jehangir Bros., Railway para—MARGAO (Goa): Raiturcar & Naik.

NIZAM GREETS HIS SQUADRON

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 1

It is understood the Nizam's Government has sanctioned Rs. fifteen thousand for Red Cross assistance to General DeGaulle in aid of free Frenchmen and their families and similar amount for the Malta Relief Fund from the Hyderabad War Relief Fund.

Sir Akbar Hydari, President, Nizam's Executive Council has sent the following cablegram to the Air Ministry, London:

"Remarkable success of Hyderabad squadron in last two weeks has caused immense gratification. I am desired to convey to the squadron His Exalted Highness' warmest congratulations on these glorious exploits."

The British Resident at Hyderabad has issued orders under Defence of India Rules prohibiting within the administered areas of the Hyderabad State of any exercise, movement, evolution or drill of military nature with or without arms or articles capable of being used as arms. It is learnt that the Nizam's Government also contemplate issuing similar orders.

Sir Maurice Gwyer, Chief Justice, Federal Court, arrived at Hyderabad today and will stay as a State guest.

GOVT. LIABILITY FOR PRIMARY EDUCATION

Corporation Refers Letter To Schools' Committee

The Municipal Corporation on Monday approved of the resolution of the Standing Committee moved by Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, its chairman, to build a new fire brigade station at Worli to accommodate one fire engine and staff at a cost of Rs. 1,23,230.

The corporation referred to the Schools Committee a letter from the Secretary to the Government, Educational Department regarding the admissibility of expenditure on Tamil, Telegu, Malayalam and Hindi schools to the Schools Committee for report. The letter also stated that the maximum liability of the Government in respect of the grant to the corporation for primary education which is at present Rs. 8,95,000 shall not be exceeded and sanction shalll be obtained on the revised curricula for primary schools.

The House then adjourned.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-09
Peshawar Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22 45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6 45	21 30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-08
Frontier Mail	8-15 (*Mon.)	21-15 (Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	18-18
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	2037	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

Burma Minister Unseated

Army Man Can't Be Legislator: Speaker's Ruling

RANGOON, Sept. 2.

In the House of Representatives to-day, the Speaker declared that in his opinion Capt. Maung Aye was no longer a member of the House and asked him to withdraw from the Chamber.

Capt. Maung Aye, thereupon, walked out of the Chamber.

The Speaker added that he would not make any declaration regarding the vacancy of his seat.

The question of the status of Capt. Maung Aye, Minister of Judicial Affairs, after having been appointed in the army of the Burma Reserve Officers on September 18 last year, was raised on August 26 in the House of Representatives, following the High Court Judgment confirming the ruling of the Speaker declaring that U Lun, a member of the House, had forfeited his seat having been gazetted in the army of the Burma Reserve Officers.

Giving his ruling, the Speaker said that Capt. Maung Aye had been appointed in the Army of Burma Reserve Officers on September 4, 1939, when no Governor's Ordinance, removing the disqualification from being member of a Legislature was in force, the Ordinance being promulgated on September 9, 1939.

Capt. Maung Aye, therefore, ceased to be a member of the House with effect from September 4. But he was appointed Judicial Minister on January 20, He could hold office under the Burma Act only for six months. As six months had elapsed on July 20, Capt. Maung Aye forfeited the post of Minister, and the Speaker would recommend to the Governor accordingly.

The speaker then expressed opinion that Capt. Maung Aye had ceased to be a member of the House.—A. P.

ANEY AND HIS EXECUTIVE

Hindu League Working Committee

LUCKNOW, September 2

Mr. M. S. Aney, M.L.A., (Central), President of the All India Hindu League, has announced the personnel of the Working Committee of the League.

The Working Committee will consist of fifteen members exclusive of the President, Vice-President, the Secretary and the Treasurer who will be the ex-officio members of the Committee. For the current year R. B. Kunwar Guru Narain will be the General Secretary; Sir J. P. Srivastava, the Vice-President and Rao Raja Dr. Shyam Behari Misra, Treasurer.

The following members will constitute the Working Committee of the League.—Dewan Bahadur Harbilas Sarda, Ajmer; Mr. B. C. Chatterji, Calcutta; Rao Bahadur M. C. Raja, Madras; Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Lala Ramsaran Das, Lahore, Rai Bahadur Meher Chand Khanna, Peshawar; Mr. Panragi Kesav Rao, Bezwada; Kunwar Hirda Narain, Lucknow; Mrs. Kamala Rathor, Lucknow; Ch. Mukhtiar Singh, Meerut; Diwan Lalchand Navalrai, Larkana, Sind; Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer and Dr. B. S. Tandon, Lucknow.

The names of the remaining three members will be announced later.

Mr. T. S. Bapat will be the Secretary to the President at Yeotmal for the year.—A. P.

B. P. Secondary Teachers' Conference

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 2.

The 5th Session of the Bombay Provincial Secondary Teachers' Conference will be held at the Seth C. N. Vidyalaya, Ahmedabad, from October 22 to 25.

The Reception Committee has elected Dr. Anandshanker B. Dhruva as its Chairman. The names of Mr. B. G. Kher, former Prime Minister of Bombay, and Principal N. N. Shah of M.T.B. College Surat have been suggested by the Reception Committee, while the Ahmedabad Secondary Teachers' Association has suggested the names of Mr. K. M. Munshi and Prof. K. T. Shah for the presidentship of the Conference.—United Press.

American Fleet To Remain In Manila

Shanghai, Aug. 18

The American Asiatic Fleet may give up summering in Chefoo or Weihaiwei this year and will remain in Manila in order to watch Japanese moves around Indo-China and nearby foreign colonies, where over a hundred Japanese naval units are massed.

American naval circles declined to confirm or deny this report as since the outbreak of the European war movement of American warships has remained a guarded secret.—International News Agency.

LAHORE, Sept. 2.

Gini Tara Singh, President of the Lahore Cantonment Congress Committee was arrested last night in Amritsar under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Sept. 2.

With New York advices unchanged the local market was expected to open at Rs. 191 for Broach A/M. delivery, but the market opened firm at Rs. 192 and advanced to Rs. 192/12 under short covering and scattered buying. At the rise there was absence of any support and prices declined to Rs. 191/4 on long liquidation. The recent improvement is mostly due to oversold state of the market and naturally underwent readjustment process. The statistical position of cotton is strong and staple varieties are difficult to obtain but long range export outlook being uncertain, it is doubtful whether the present rise would be extended much.

Later the market was steady on scattered covering and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 191/12. The market steadied at this level and with further buying prices advanced to Rs. 192/4. Towards the close there was renewed selling and prices declined to Rs. 191/4 The market closed to-day at 3 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach April/May .....Rs. 190/8
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jan .....Rs. 170/0
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jan .....Rs. 137/4

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales.	1940-41	1939-40
Receipts to date 31-8-40	380000	581000
Receipts yesterday 31-8-40	24000	25000
Export to date 31-8-40	53000	313000
Stock at Ports 30-8-40	2568000	2137000
Stock at interior towns do.	1882000	2425000
Stock at Liverpool 30-8-40	.....	568000
Visible supply 30-8-40	.....	5052000
Quantity in sight 30-8-40	481000	867000
Quantity out of sight 30-8-40	.....	605000

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

Bombay: Sept. 2.

In full-pressed bales.	31-8-40.	Since 1st Septr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh	53	55,544	38,888
Central India		109,361	225,421
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	96,307
Hyderabad/Gaorani		48,009	4,474
Berar		318,618	163,102
Central Provinces		76,962	40,080
Total Oomras	53	727,712	568,272
Dholeras		89,297	278,134
N.-W. Provinces		26,079	10,893
Rajputana		35,228	82,019
Sind-Punjab		387,570	340,866
Broach		409,044	415,086
Coompta & Dharwar	204	83,357	155,706
Westerns-Northerns	116	38,178	99,914
Cocosnada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,412	2,677
Total	373	1,762,933	1,953,714
Arrived by road to 29th August 1940		339,387	.....

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

	Ready.	Delivery Contract. NEW CROP. Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Bengal Fine	145/47	+9	+5	+4
Berar	175/77	+13	+5	+3
C. P. 1	181/83	+19	+14	+12
C. P. 2	176/77	+15	+9	+7
Khandesh	169/72	+6	—1	—4
Muglai	171/72			
Broach	184/86			

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATION

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Yarn No.	October	December	February
6 1/2s.	121	123	125
10 1/2s.	135	137	139
20 1/2s.	165	168	170
40s.	236	238	240

Bombay Cotton Statistics

Bombay: Septr. 2.

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 29th Aug. 1940 (by rail and sea)	1,762,404
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 29th Aug. 1940 (by road—adjusted)	319,387
Total	2,081,791
Same time last year	2,741,980

Exports from 1st Sept 1939 to 31st August 1940:—

	1939-40	1938-39
United Kingdom	80,515	
Continent	242,215	
China	489,704	
Japan	912,836	
Coast Ports	36,231	
U. S. A.	436	
Total	1,761,937	

Figures of exports, stocks and mill consumption and also of imports of foreign cotton into Bombay are not available.

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up-country from 1st Sept. 1939 to 22nd August 1940	1,431,525
Same time last year	1,744,170

Hapur Wheat Market

HAPUR, August 30.

(From Our Correspondent)

During the week under review, the local wheat market opened steady and prices were well maintained throughout except for a temporary reaction towards the mid-session due primarily to heavy speculative liquidations on profit-taking and excellent maize, bajra, pulse and jwar crop reports due to widespread and beneficial rains throughout Northern India and Rajputana. At lower levels considerable support was sighted as a consequence of which the loss was subsequently made good. The rates for the immediate delivery are particularly firm and stockholders are releasing their holdings gradually. The fact that the ready demand would not wear out for the near future lends support to the bullish view and has been instrumental in sustaining the prices. The political developments abroad continue to be watched with very great interest, with the result that occasionally operators are driven to act with reserve but on the whole the turnover was moderately satisfactory. Weather during the week was mostly clear and only light showers were received on one day. Except for the late sown maize crop, all other standing crops are reported to be doing excellently.

The market had closed at 2/15/6 for Bhadon and the same for Mangsir on Friday last. On Saturday and Sunday movements for Mangsir were confined between 2/15 and 2/15/6. On Monday there appeared signs of weakness but the lowest for Mangsir did not fall below 2/14/8. Tuesday witnessed an easy undertone which was arrested on Wednesday afternoon after Mangsir having touched 2/14/4 1/2; lowest for the week. There was a sharp recovery the same day when an advance of about 0/1/3 was recorded. Highest during the week touched 2/15/8 for Mangsir and 2/15/10 1/2 for Bhadon. There was again a small decline, although the undertone continues quite steady. The present quotations are Ready khattis 2/15/6, Bhadon 2/15/4 1/2, Mangsir 2/15 and Jeth 2/13/3.

Arrivals during the week were very small, while exports totalled 36 khattis. The present stock is put at 703 khattis against 647 khattis at the corresponding period last year.

The divergent features of the reactionary and steady undertone explained above are likely to continued for the present, but the markets may be overtaken by the one or the other should demand increase or fall down or the political developments disturb the equilibrium.

Texas Cotton Crop Going Into Loans

BRAZILIAN COTTON UNDERSELLING IN JAPAN

Indian Cotton 10 To 20 Per Cent. Below Usual Relationship At Liverpool

BOMBAY, September 2.

On Saturday the New York Cotton Market was steady with mill price-fixing.

Much of the early Texas crop is going into Government Loans and it is predicted that, net addition to Government stocks would be two million bales.

The New York cotton market was a small pre-holiday session on Saturday and the sales of the dry goods were estimated at 250 per cent of the current production. There are rumours that efforts are being made to increase U. S. A. mill consumption to 10 million bales.

The market opened steady and there being accumulation of overnight hedges and spot house selling prices ruled quiet. Later on there was New Orleans buying and mill price fixing in near months against large textile business. The market was very steady

Despite week-end evening up the Wall-St. market was steady. U. S. Steel shares closed 1/8 up at 54 1/2. European news were viewed constructive and general business is expected to make a better showing after the Labour Day.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened at a decline of 2 points at 9.27 for October. As soon as selling orders were put through prices recovered on better support and October advanced to 9.32 which was the highest level. Near months were steady which closed unchanged to 2 pts. up but distants were 1 to 3 pts. down. Spot cotton prices declined 2 pts at 9.91c per lb.

THE NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans market was quietly steady with routine trading and closed unchanged to one point higher. Spot cotton was unchanged at 9.65c per lb.

WEEKLY REVIEW

The market was narrowly irregular with outside interest dormant.

Much of the early Texas crop going into loan made a steadying influence. Rumours of a new cotton export subsidy were mostly ignored. Clayton predicts a net addition of two million bales in Government stocks. The North Brazilian crop is estimated at 850,000 bales against last year's 629,000. Brazilian is underselling American sharply in Japan.

Limitation of futures speculation is generally conceded to be a negligible market influence at present.

The freight situation is producing abnormal price relationships with American cotton in Liverpool about 45 per cent above United States and Southern Ports prices compared with peace time normal premium of 15 per cent., Indian 10 to 20 per cent below the usual relationship.

Textiles business spurted on Thursday and prices are very firm. With increased hedging the majority expect somewhat lower prices.

COTTON MARKET TRADING DURING HOLIDAYS

The local Cotton Market will remain open from 12 noon to 2 p.m. on 4th and 6th inst. and will entirely remain closed on the 5th inst.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market was closed on Saturday and is expected to open 3 pts higher to-day.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 9.32+03 (11-4 a.m.); lowest 9.27—02 (10 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Slight increase hedging. Larger price fixing on better cloth sales. Still lacks incentive to advance against hedging on account of absence of foreign buying.

MARKETING OF JUTE

Defects In Present System

CALCUTTA: August 27.

The general opinion that the present jute forecasts have proved of little practical value as correct estimates of acreage and outturn, is confirmed by the First Report of the Marketing Department of the Indian Central Jute Committee just issued. The volume represents a great deal of hard work and is full of valuable and interesting diagrams and statistics; the latter give an indication of the efforts that has been made to obtain first hand information on many aspects regarding which precise data had so long not been available. The report seeks to provide a comprehensive and authentic record of authoritative information on the marketing and transport of Jute.

The report which covers more than 350 printed pages is the result of intensive enquiry in 26 jute growing districts. Starting with a concise, but complete description of the present system of crop forecasting, the Report proceeds to examine at length the various stages through which the fibre passes from the grower to manufacturer or shipper as well as the details of the marketing organisation and the methods of buying and selling that are followed at all these stages.

One significant point emerging from the Enquiry is that growers disposed of more than two-thirds of their crop within 3 or 4 months of the commencement of the marketing season 1937/38. The Enquiry has also established that during that season, growers sold 75 per cent. of their jute in villages, 20 per cent in 'hats' and only 5 per cent. in baling centres.

While the utility of futures markets for agricultural commodities is acknowledged, no definite opinion is expressed about the necessity of such a market for jute. A number of reforms in the constitution of the East India Jute Association are, however, suggested the most important being the adoption of loose jute as the basis of futures trading and the confining of transactions to members only.

As the sale of jute in a completely unassorted condition, at all marketing stages upcountry, has led to the under-estimation of quality by buyers, the universal adoption of sales by assortment and the introduction of grading in villages has been recommended.

It is also recommended that the classification and grading of jute should be fixed on scientific basis and experiments should be undertaken for the determination of the natural moisture in jute.

The complete absence of an independent source of market information for growers is deplored and recommendation is made for the extension to all the jute growing areas of the price dissemination scheme which was introduced by the Indian Central Jute Committee on an experimental basis last season and which has proved a great success.

A price structure which is an analysis of the various costs incurred on the movement of jute from villages to Calcutta, reveals the interesting fact that the growers, on an average received a little less than 81 per cent. of the Calcutta landed price of jute in October 1937. And out of the remaining 19 per cent., 10.1 per cent. was spent on handling and transportation, 3 per cent. was paid as market allowances and 6 per cent. was absorbed as standing charges of 'kutcha' balers.

Business Conditions In Mysore

There was no perceptible change in the general business conditions in Mysore in June 1940 as compared with the previous month. The prices of both raw materials and finished goods were almost steady. There was an increase in the production of cotton yarn and piecegoods.

The production of cotton piecegoods during June 1940 was 4,113,000 yards as against 4,107,000 yards in the previous month. The market for cotton goods was steady. All the cotton mills in the State worked up to capacity. The quantity of yarn spun in mills was 2,154,000 lbs. as against 2,241,000 lbs. in the previous month.

The total quantity of bark tanned hides and skins in large tanneries in the State was 224,000 lbs. as against 239,000 lbs. in May 1940.

The Kolar Gold Mines yielded 24,622 fine ounces as against 25,279 fine ounces in the previous month. The value of gold was Rs. 27,20,731 as against Rs. 29,32,364 in May last.

Pig iron production stood at 2,157 tons as against 2,458 tons in the previous month. Production of iron castings amounted to 730 tons as against 728 tons in May 1940. Production of Steel ingots and Sections totalled 4,705 tons as against 6,110 tons in the previous month.

Demand and transactions in Charkha silk were normal and stocks in Koties were moderate. There was a rise in prices during the month.

The earnings of State-owned railways amounted to Rs. 6,81,600 as against Rs. 7,78,200 in May 1940.

MARKETS OBSERVE JAIN HOLIDAY

Bombay: September 2.

To-day being a Jain holiday the local Bullion and Seeds markets remained closed.

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay: Sept. 2.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

	Rs.as.ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	78 8 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	77 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	81 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	15 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt	12 8 0

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

320 bags myrabollams H Raghavji and Co; 756 bls cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 100 bls cotton twist waste Indian Produce Expt Co; 1002 bls hemp Tayeballi Dawoodbhai; 200 bales cotton raw Cotton Export and Import Ltd; 200 bls cotton raw Khimji Vishram and Sons; 400 bls cotton raw S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 51 bags cellery seeds D Abraham and Sons; 600 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 500 bls raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 1400 bls raw cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton Gordhandas and Co; 67 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 256 bls raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 556 bls cotton waste oily Manubhit Narothamdas and Co; 215 bls cotton yarn Bombay Co Ltd; 2333 bags groundnut kernals The oil seeds Trading Co Ltd; 300 bls hemp raw G N Musry; 500 bls cotton fly V A Save and Co; 500 bls cotton waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 300 bls cotton waste C Jairam and Co; 410 bls cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 115 bls cotton twist waste M Chandulal and Co; 45 bls cotton twist waste G M Vyas and Co; 50 bls cotton twist waste Barot Bros and Co; 50 bls cotton waste clean Manubhai Narotamdas and Co; 330 bags casein The Midland Trading Co; 900 bdls tinplate clippings Shima Trading Co Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton J M Dave and Co; 500 bls raw cotton Kotak and Co; 1400 bags grdnut oil cake expl F H Kassam; 650 bags grdnut seed The Cotton Agents Ltd; 186 bags myrabollams J Moolchand and Co; 320 bags myrabollams T Raghavji and Co; 640 bags myrabollams K Tricamji; 640 bags myrabollam H Bhagwandas and Co; 320 bags myrabollam Y Ramchandra and Co; 1040 bags myrabollam C Jivanlal and Co.

IMPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

16072 bdls box schooks, 3800 sks ammonium phosphate, 92 stns empty milk bottles, 50 rolls roofing paper, 600 bdls roofing shingle, 1828 bls old newspaper, 861 bdls paper board, 168 bdls skimmed milk powder, 989 dms asphalt, 200 bags borax, 571 bags intusorial earth powder, 38 c/s auto storage batteries, 26 c/s quinine, 69 bls M'fibre, 930 bags copra, 50 c/s cotton drill, 50 attals cloves, 30 bls black cotton jean, 7003 bls cotton.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: September 2.

B C RATES+

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 2nd March

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 2nd March
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 2nd March
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 one month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 one month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 2 months

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 333 1/2
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 81 1/2 nominal
Bank's buying T T 76 1/2 nominal
Bank's buying 60 days 75 3/4 nominal

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 65 3/4

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 22 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 2nd inst.
Shanghai/London 0/3 13/16 2nd inst.
New York/London 4.03 1/2 31st ulto.
London/Java 7.58/62 31st ulto.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 31st ulto.
London/Switzerland 17.65/75 31st ulto.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 31st ulto.
London/Japan 1/2 1/2 31st ulto.
London/Canada 4.43/47 31st ulto.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8/8/0 31st ulto.
London Silver Ready 23 3/8 31st ulto.
London Silver Forward 23 1/8 31st ulto.
New York Silver Ready 34 3/4 31st ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 31st ulto.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 31st ulto.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call no demand.
3 months 1/4 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: August 31.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 5 per cent 2030 Debs	48 1/4
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	15
Amr Pow and Lt 6 per cent Pfd	44 1/8
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	36
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 7/8
Electric Bond and Share do1.5 Pfd	53 3/4
Columbia Gas and Electric	5 1/8
American Tel and Tel	161 1/8
Sun Life of Canada	225
Western Union Telegraph	19 1/4
New York Central R R	13 1/8
Great Northern Pfd	33
Chesapeake and Ohio	39 3/4
Union Pacific	87
United States Steel	64 1/8
Bethlehem Steel	80
Crucible Steel	60
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	22 1/8
Republic Steel	17 1/8
Anaconda Copper	21 5/8
General Motors	48 1/8
Chrysler Motors	75 1/8
Socony	8 7/8
Standard Oil of N J	34 1/8
Consolidated Oil	6 1/8
Texas Corporation	35 3/8
Australia 5 per cent 1955	49

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: August 31.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	191 1/4	188 1/4	190 1/8
Oomra D/J	171 1/2	169	170
Bengal D/J	139 1/2	137 1/2	137 3/4

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Shipment September Rs. 8/11 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ready ordinary Rs. 15/4 to 15/6
Ready large grain Rs. 15/7 to 16.
Tone:—Steady.

Mr. D. SETH, Representative in Bombay upto 10th September. Write C/o Post Master.

The Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

The Indian Co-operative Navigation & T. Co., Ltd.

EXCURSION SERVICES

We have pleasure in announcing to the Public that our Holiday Excursions to Uran, Elephanta and Nahawa are now resumed. As the weather is now fine we trust that the Public will avail themselves fully of the facilities now offered for cheap and very enjoyable excursion trips.

For further particulars please apply to—

SCINDIA HOUSE; Ballard Estate.
Bombay T. No. 25061-3.
Girgaon Office T. No. 23683.
Alexandra Dock Office T. No. 25303.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

FOR
BEAUTY & COMPLEXION
USE
WORLD NASCO FAMOUS.
"AJANTA" SOAPS, HAIR OILS, SNOW, CREAM, RICH PERFUMES
and other Toiletaries.
Sole Distributors
CHIMANLAL P. SHAH
Govind Building, Princess Street.
Ask for Catalogue. Bombay 2.

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1940

"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
"Ankhi-Khoosh"
EYE-DROP
A wonderful specific for Ophthalmia and all Sore and Mattering Eyes, acts like a charm for Tired, Watering or Itching Eyes.
Absolutely Harmless. Very Soothing for the Eyes. Ankhi-Khoosh Never Fails. Ankhi-Khoosh does not smart.
CAN BE HAD FROM ALL CHEMISTS.

AIR DUELS TOLL FOR LAST WEEK

293 Enemy Planes Destroyed

AND LOSS OF 700 TRAINED AIRMEN

R. A. F. Lose Only 113 Fighters

LONDON, September 2.

The German airforce lost 293 planes in attacks during last week: August 23|31. That is the number claimed by the Air Ministry as shot down, and it has been previously pointed out that enemy aircraft listed as "probably destroyed" or "damaged" sometimes equal the number claimed as definitely destroyed. The majority of German losses are planes carrying multiple crews.

These 293 planes represent loss of over 700 trained airmen.

During the same week R. A. F. losses were 113 fighters in the defence of Britain and fifteen bombers participating in raids over Germany. As the fighters operated over this country those who took to parachutes were picked up and these numbered 69 or so. The total loss of R.A.F. personnel was about 110.

25 Nazi Planes Brought Down On Sunday

An Air Ministry 'communique' says: During Sunday's air battles 25 enemy aircraft have been destroyed. Fifteen of our aircraft were lost but the pilots of nine of these are safe.

The 'communique' also says that further enemy raids were made on the south-east coast of England in the afternoon. His object may have been to attack aerodromes but only slight damage was done. The first raid was in two waves and although our fighters intercepted and broke up the enemy formations, a few of his bombers penetrated as far as Croydon.

The second wave was turned back by our fighters and anti-aircraft defences and did not penetrate beyond the coast. During this raid bombs were dropped on Kent and Surrey causing some damage and a number of casualties including some persons killed.

OVER KENT COAST

Later in the afternoon large formations of enemy aircraft again crossed the Kent coast, but were prevented from reaching far inland and after circling over the coast were driven out to sea. Little damage was caused by this raid and the number of casualties was very small. Two small formations of enemy bombers followed this raid and entered the Thames estuary. These formations were quickly dispersed without, so far as is known at present, causing any damage or casualties.

ENEMY ATTACKS FOILED

Further details of Sunday's air-raids show that German bombers and fighters continued their daily attempts to destroy aerodromes in Kent, Surrey and Essex. Once in the morning and twice in the afternoon a hundred or more raiders crossed the Kent coast and three times the Fighter Command pilots and anti-aircraft gunners foiled their attacks.

The second raid of the day between noon and 1 p.m. (G.M.T.) was the largest. Over a hundred and fifty raiders crossed the coast and the bomber formation flew as far as the southern outskirts of London to be broken up by anti-aircraft fire. Gunners saw their shells hit at least three out of the twelve German bombers flying at 16,000 feet.

The third attack was weaker and confined to the Kent coast aerodromes. The single seat Messerschmidt 109 fighters dropped no bombs. They had been put to this use before but to-day they were used as dive bombers.

It is estimated that 500 bombs, mostly high explosives, were dropped by German air force in their mass attacks on Ramsgate. Most of the bombs fell on the seaside boarding houses and workers' homes. From direct hits many were razed to ground and many more made completely uninhabitable. Altogether nearly a thousand houses were wrecked. In spite of heavy material loss and casualties there were few killed and injured, although some are still reported missing. The raid occurred on August 24.

Enemy planes were reported tonight over Wales, two south-west towns and Midlands.

Enemy aircraft were reported over two north-eastern towns. They were met by heavy anti-aircraft barrage.—Reuter.

Inquiry Into Australian Air Crash Adjourned

CANBERRA, Sept. 1.

Investigation into the Canberra air disaster in which ten persons including three Australian Cabinet Ministers were killed, has been adjourned indefinitely.

It is stated any question of improper maintenance and inspection has been disposed of by evidence. Justice Lowe who presided held it sheer speculation to say that anyone other than the pilot was at the controls.—Reuter.

A view of the Anti-Fascist Day meeting held at Parel on Sunday.

WORKERS OBSERVE ANTI-FASCIST DAY

A mass meeting of the workers was held at Ferfusson Road on Sunday to observe the Anti-Fascist Day. The meeting was held under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, the League of Radical Congressmen and the Congress Socialist Party and a resolution agreed to by all the participating organisations was placed before the meeting and passed by an overwhelming majority, only a few voting against it.

Mr. N. M. Joshi, the General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress presided over the meeting. In his presidential address he traced the growth of Fascism and explained how Fascism was the darkest enemy of the working class. Mr. K. S. Nimbkar then moved the resolution. Mr. V. B. Karnik supported the resolution. Mr. Zulmiram Chaudhary and Mr. M. L. Shah who spoke on behalf of the Congress Socialist Party addressed the meeting in support of the resolution. At the end of the meeing, a huge effigy of Fascism was burnt.

RADICAL CONGRESSMEN JOIN FORCES

Anti-Fascist Day was observed in Bombay on Sunday on behalf of the League of Radical Congressmen. The main function of the Day was a flag salutation ceremony and a meeting which were held at Vanamali Hall, Dadar. Com. Maniben Kara unfurled the flag and explained the significance of the Anti-Fascist Day.

A cycle procession of over 40 active Congress workers from the A Ward moved about in City for about three hours from Victoria Terminus to Vanamali Hall Dadar. They attended the flag salutation ceremony in a batch and after the ceremony went back to Fort by a different route than what they had covered while coming.

Anti-Fascist Day At Poona

POONA, Sept. 1

At a meeting convened by the League of Radical Congressmen to-day to observe the Anti-Pascist Day speakers dwelt on menace of spread of Fascism and its dangerous repercussions on national and international politics and urged for the formation of an Anti-Fascist Bloc of democratic forces in the country and outside.

The speakers also called upon Britain to have a military alliance with the Soviet Union and begin an offensive war against Fascist Germany and Italy so that Fascism could be defeated militarily on the battlefields of Europe.—A. P.

West Indies Offer Opposition To Vichy Govt.

Economic Difficulties Exasperating People's Feeling

GEORGETOWN (British Guiana), Sept. 2.

Travellers arriving here state that unrest is growing daily in Martinique and Guadeloupe in the West Indies.

The feeling of the general population is against the Vichy Government although clashes between anti-surrender demonstrators and gendarmes and marines have subsided.

The difficult economic conditions are helping to heighten the people's mood.

The entire 1940 production of sugar rum which is the island's staple product is lying at the wharves. A number of sugar estates are closing down. The salaries of officials, soldiers and sailors are reported to be in arrears. Similar conditions are reported at Cayenne.—Reuter.

ISLE OF MAN RAIDED FOR FIRST TIME

LONDON, Sept. 2.

The Isle of Man had its first air raid on Saturday when a German bomber approached the island. No bombs were dropped and it is believed the raider was shot down into the sea by two Spitfires.—Reuter.

At Patna

PATNA, September 1

Fascism was denounced at a meeting of the local League of Radical Congressmen this evening held in observance of the "Anti-Fascist Day."

Earlier a procession was taken out which marched through the main streets of the city.

Radical Congressmen And War

MADRAS, Sept. 1.

"As freedom-seeking people, Indians should consider that the present war is as much their own as England's, observed Mr. A. K. Pillai, presiding over a public meeting to-night under the auspices of the "League of Radical Congressmen" in observance of the "All-India Anti-Fascist Day."

Mr. Pillai urged unconditional co-operation with Britain in the war against Fascism.—A. P.

60,000 U. S. GUARDS MEN SUMMONED FOR TRAINING

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

President Roosevelt, under powers invested in him by the National Guards Bill, has summoned the first batch of 60,000 guards men for a year's training.

NO DIRECT REPRESENTATION OF INDIAN TRADE INTERESTS

Eastern Group Conference Is Purely Governmental And Cannot Include Non-Officials

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

India's central position as a producer of war supplies east of Suez is emphasised by the impending visit of the Ministry of Supply Mission and the decision to hold the Eastern Group Conference in Delhi in October.

Arrangements, it is learnt, are being made for the October Conference on the assumption that it will hold a 31-week session. Representatives of Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Southern Rhodesia, Burma, Hongkong, Ceylon, Malaya and the territories of East Africa, who will attend the Conference, will be predominantly governmental.

JOINT WAR SUPPLY POLICY.

Described as a "Plus and Minus Conference," its object is not a general economic discussion but the settlement of a joint war supply policy for the Eastern Group under which the maximum use will be made of the existing and potential capacity for war supply of each participating country.

It is hoped that the policy settled will make the countries of the Eastern Group as far as possible self-supporting for war supply purposes, the deficiencies of one participating country being made good from the available or potential resources of the others. Any surplus production would, it is pointed, be available for the general war effort of the Empire.

NEEDS OF CIVIL POPULATION

The deliberations of the Conference will be limited to war supply problems, including the essential needs of the civil population of any participating country where these constitute a war supply problem.

It is hoped that the Conference may result in the establishment of a Standing Committee representative of the participating countries, whose duty will be to see that the decisions of the Conference are carried out.

The possibility is visualised here of the opportunity being taken by members of the Eastern Group Conference to establish contacts in connection with more general problems of supply than those which fall strictly within the expression "munitions". There are, it is pointed out, large numbers of commodities—cigarettes, for instance—which are supplied to the Defence Forces along with consumption by the general public. It is proposed to suggest to members of the conference that on matters which may be described as predominantly Civilian problems, they should engage in conversations with the Commerce Department, outside the regular proceedings of the conference.

NO NON-OFFICIAL REPRESENTATION

As regards the question whether representatives of non-official industrial and commercial interests will be directly associated with the Conference proper, attention is drawn to two points. Firstly, the main purpose of the Conference is concerned with the Supply Department, and this department through its advisers and liaison officers is constantly in touch with Indian commerce and industry. Secondly, as already stated, the character of the representation of other participating countries is governmental and not non-official, and it would not be appropriate to make an exception in the case of India, although the conference is held in India.

It is emphasised that too much should not be expected from the conference in the way of immediate expansion of imports or exports.

The Ministry of Supply Mission headed by Sir Alexander Roger, will be in India a week or two earlier than members of the Eastern Group Conference, and will leave some time after the conference concludes. The mission is intended as already announced to help India not only to meet her own needs for home defence, but to make an even greater contribution than she does now to the general war effort of the empire, and in particular to equip and supply the forces in the Middle East and East of Suez. It is expected that the Mission will carry out extensive tour of factories in India and advise His Majesty's Government.

The Mission will examine the existing factory capacity and see how far it can be made available for the production of war supplies. It will also consider the possibility of expansion in relation to the existing and potential output of the other Empire countries in the Eastern Hemisphere.—A. P.

First Batch Of Indian Airmen

LAHORE, Sept. 2.

The first batch 124 officers trained at No. 1, Initial training School, Indian Air Force, Lahore, has left for Bombay "en route" to some unknown destination.

Among them were the "Crack" aviator Manmohan Singh, Mr. S. P. Shahi, formerly of the Indian National Airways and Mr. Mehta, a member of the Lahore Flying Club.

All the pilots looked cheerful and were given a warm send-off by their relations and friends at the railway station.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

The War Publicity Board has put out a scheme whereby through loud speakers, which will function two hours a day, the public of this city will be made as war-conscious as possible. I am given to understand that this scheme was originally intended to be worked on a much larger scale. If the War Publicity Department want to do something really worth while, they cannot possibly achieve anything unless they are prepared also to spend. I believe a section of journalistically minded people on the Committee realise the significance of spending well to achieve success, but as usual, it is the older men who apply the brakes and hold up the machine of propaganda on grounds of expense

Two of our Civic Guards fainted on account of the heat at a recent practice parade! It recalls to my mind the days when men were men and only flowers faded in the heat of the sun.

If you have a date with an angel, you better buy one of Mrs. Sabavala's calendars.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE THE RINGER

I TELL YOU THE RINGER'S NOT DEAD/ I SAW HIM AND HE'S AFTER ME/
YOU MUST BE DREAMING, MR MEISTER/ LOOK AT THE NEWSPAPER/ THE RINGER COMMITTED SUICIDE AFTER BREAKING JAIL/
I KNOW WHAT I SAW/ IT WAS THE RINGER!
RINGER DEAD
HE SWORE HE'D GET ME/ I'M THE ONE WHO FRAMED HIM, TURNED HIM IN TO SCOTLAND YARD/
FRAMED HIM? YOU?
NO/NO/ THAT ISN'T WHAT I MEANT... UH... DON'T KNOW WHAT I'M SAYING... BUT HE'S AFTER ME/ CALL SCOTLAND YARD/ GET INSPECTOR WADE!

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE. at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.